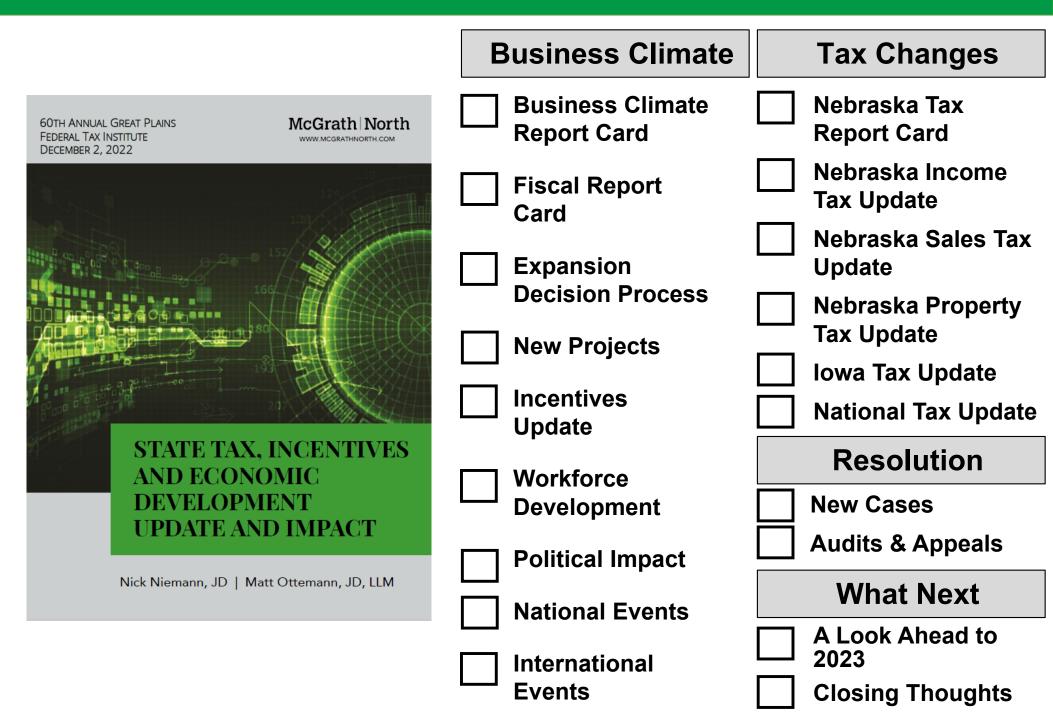
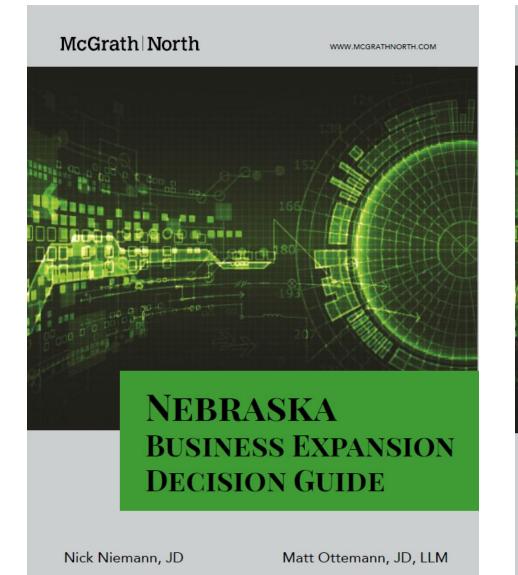
61st Annual Great Plains Federal Tax Institute November 30, 2023

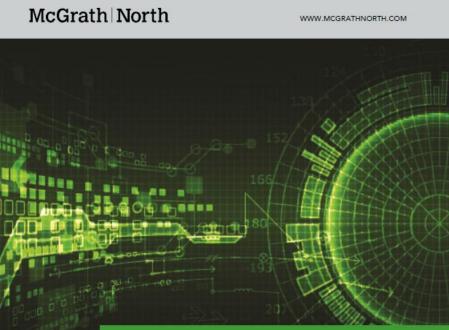
State Tax, Incentives And Economic Development Update And Impact

Nick Niemann, JD Matt Ottemann, JD, LLM McGrath North



More Information In These 2 Briefings

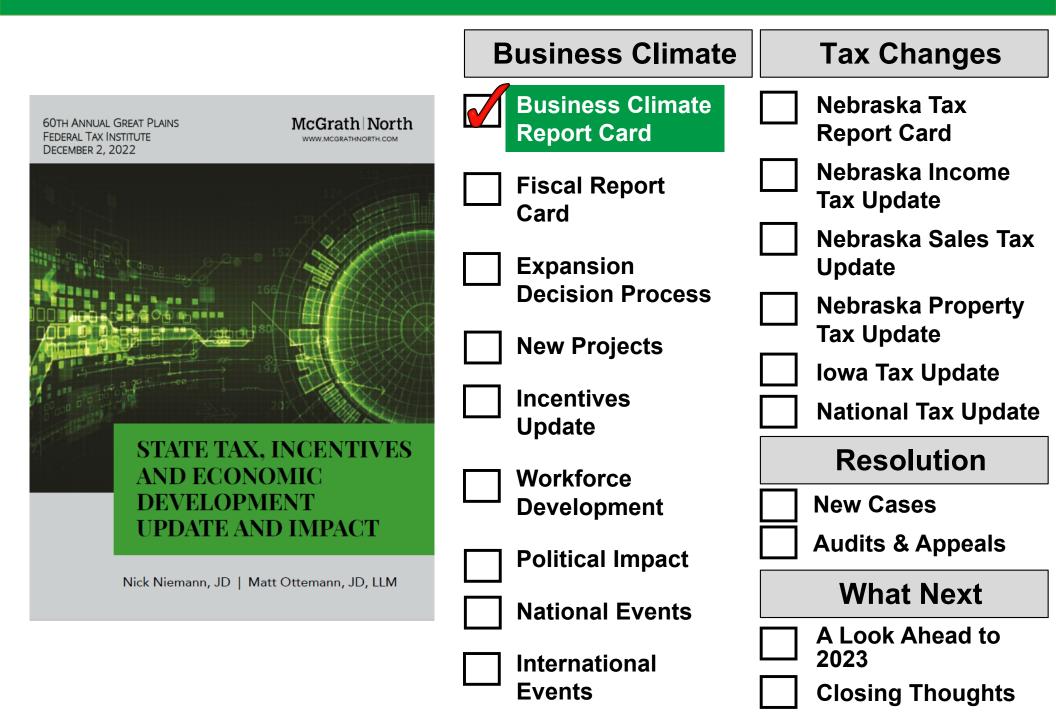




THE ANATOMY OF RESOLVING STATE TAX MATTERS

Nick Niemann, JD

Matt Ottemann, JD, LLM





Business Climate Report Card



The Ongoing Competition – Across America

Healthy Companies



Business Expansions

Site Expansions

Competing State Business Climates

Utilizing State Business Incentives

Workforce Shortage & Remote Impact

Impact of National & International Events

WHAT MATTERS MOST:

Most Important Site Selection Criteria

Workforce skills

Transportation infrastructure

Ease of permitting and regulatory procedures

Land/building prices and supply

Utilities (cost, reliability)

Right-to-work state

Higher education resources

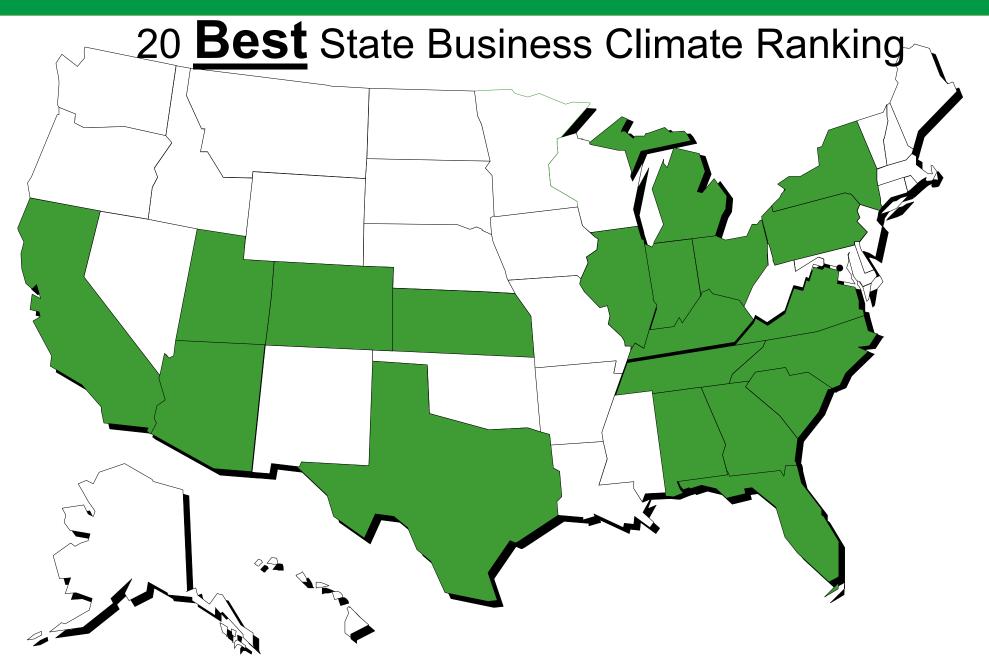
State and local tax scheme

Economic development strategy

Workforce development

Source: Site Selection Magazine, Nov. 2022

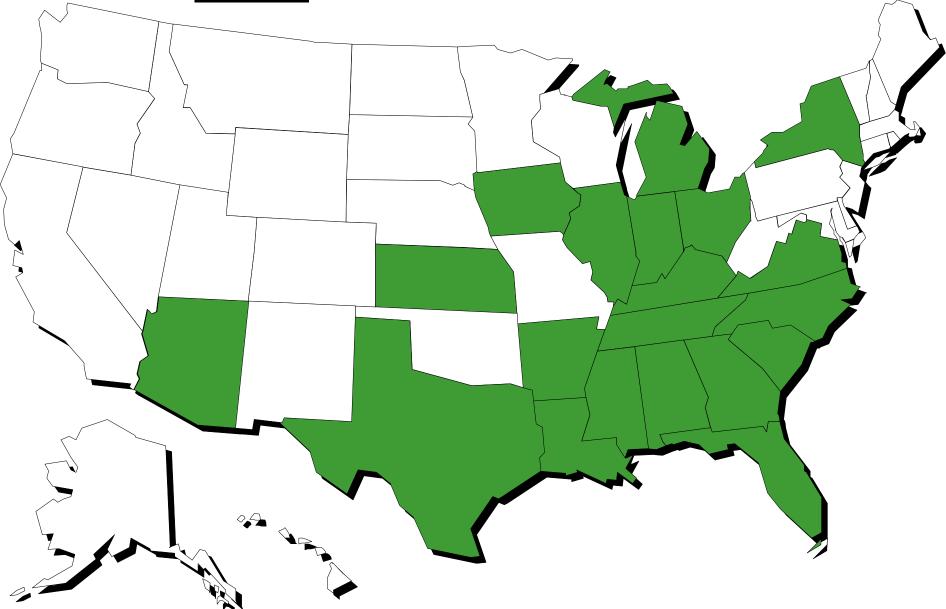
SITE SELECTION MAGAZINE



Source: Site Selection Magazine, Nov. 2023

AREA DEVELOPMENT

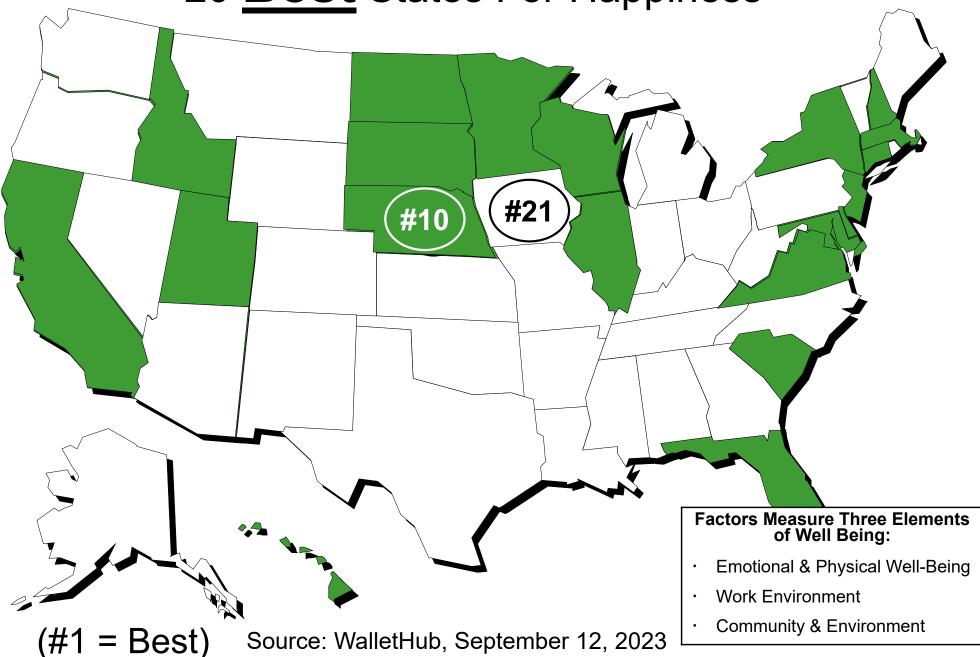
20 **Best** States For Doing Business



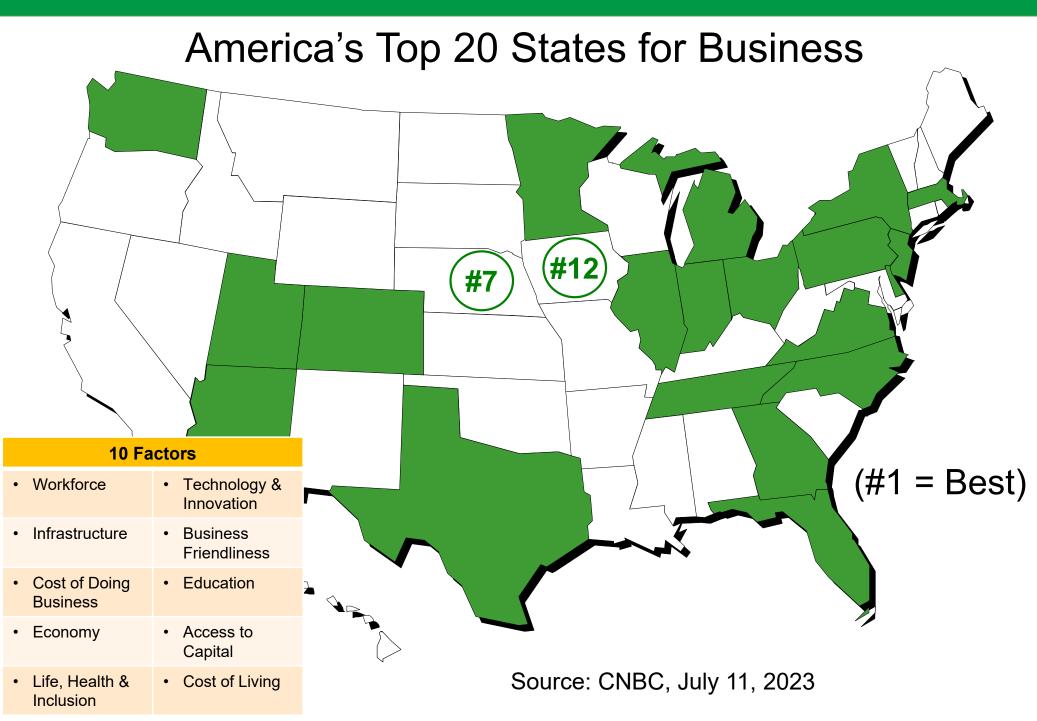
Source: Area Development Magazine, Q3 2023

WALLETHUB

20 **Best** States For Happiness

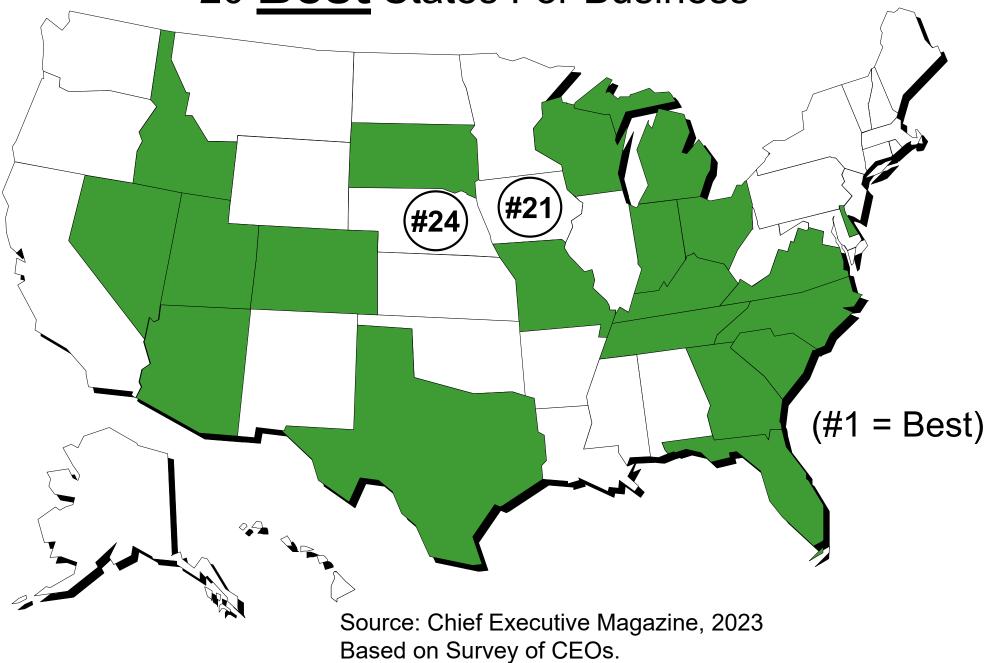


CNBC



CHIEF EXECUTIVE MAGAZINE

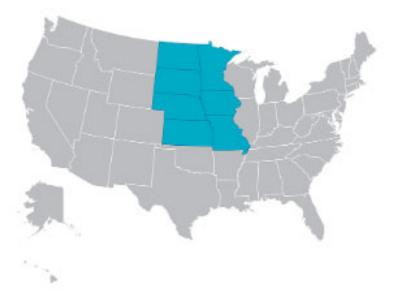
20 **Best** States For Business



SITE SELECTION

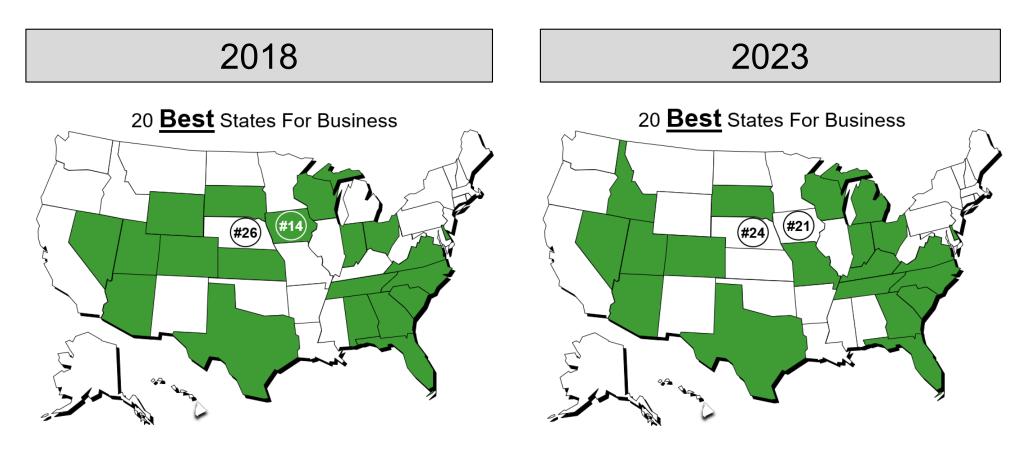
2023 Prosperity Cup – 2023 State Rankings By Region

West North Central Region				
2023	2022	State		
1	1	Kansas		
2	5	Missouri		
3	3	South Dakota		
4	2	Iowa		
5	7	Minnesota		
6	4	Nebraska		
7	6	North Dakota		



Source: Site Selection Magazine (May 2023)

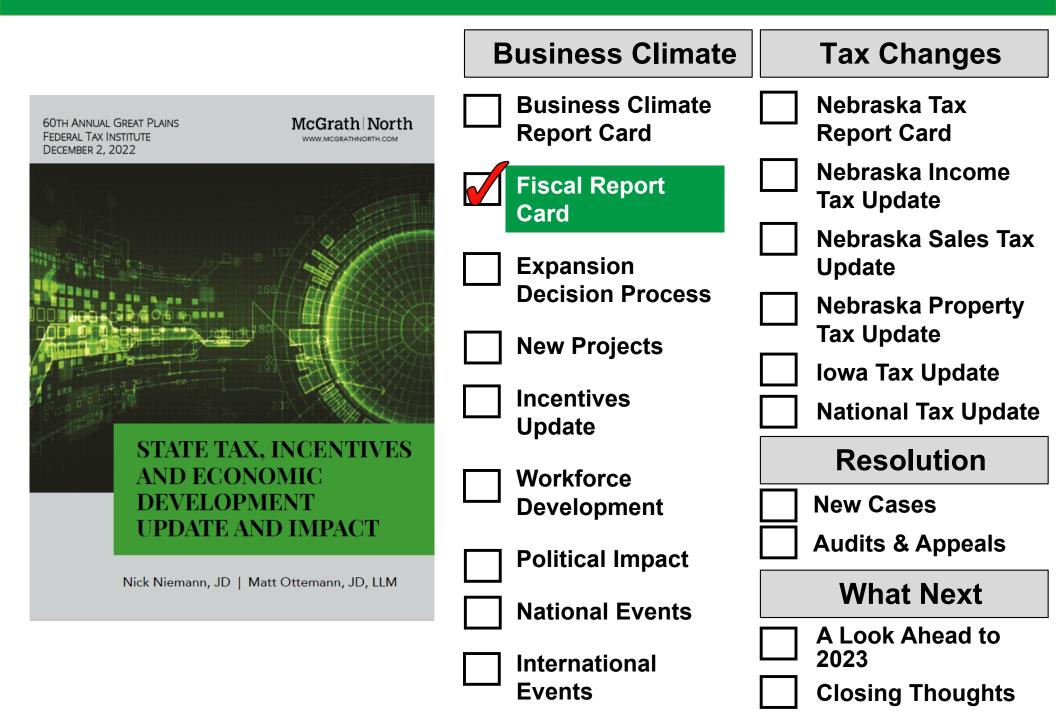
CHIEF EXECUTIVE MAGAZINE



(#1 = Best)

(#1 = Best)

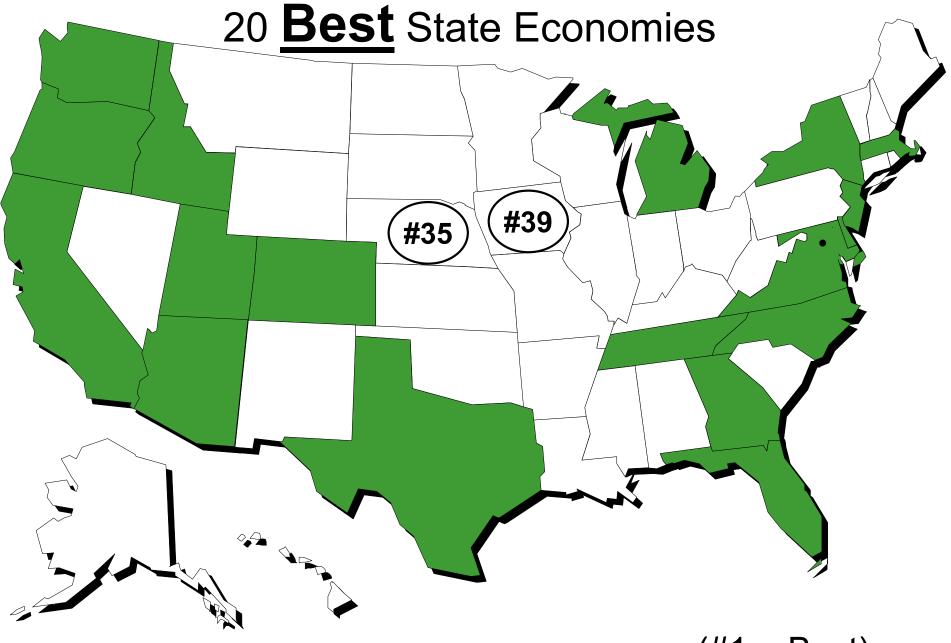
Source: Chief Executive Magazine, 2018 Based on Survey of CEOs. Source: Chief Executive Magazine, 2023 Based on Survey of CEOs.







WALLETHUB



Source: WalletHub, June 5, 2023

WALLETHUB



Source: WalletHub, June 5, 2023

AMERICAN LEGISLATIVE EXCHANGE COUNCIL

Economic <u>Performance</u> Rankings (Based on 3 policy variables)				
Rank	State	State		
1	Florida	41	Vermont	
2	Utah	42	New Mexico	
3	Arizona	43	Wyoming	
4	Idaho	44	Illinois	
5	Colorado	45	Hawaii	
6	Washington	46	Pennsylvania	
7	Texas	47	West Virginia	
8	Georgia	48	Connecticut	
9	South Carolina	49	Alaska	
10	North Carolina	50	Louisiana	

Nebraska = #25; Iowa = #30

Source: American Legislative Exchange Council, April 3, 2023

ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE RANKINGS

<u>3 Policy Variables</u>

- State Gross Domestic Product Growth
- Absolute Domestic Migration
- Non-Farm Payroll Employment

Prepared by: American Legislative Exchange Council, April 3, 2023

AMERICAN LEGISLATIVE EXCHANGE COUNCIL

Economic <u>Outlook</u> Rankings (Based on 15 policy variables)					
Rank	State	Rank	State		
1	Utah	41	Maryland		
2	North Carolina	42	Hawaii		
3	Arizona	43	Oregon		
4	Idaho	44	Maine		
5	Oklahoma	45	California		
6	Wyoming	46	Illinois		
7	Indiana	47	New Jersey		
8	North Dakota	48	Minnesota		
9	Florida	49	Vermont		
10	Nevada	50	New York		

Nebraska = #36; Iowa = #32

(#1 = Best)

Source: American Legislative Exchange Council, April 3, 2023

15 Policy Variables (9 Tax, 6 Non-Tax)

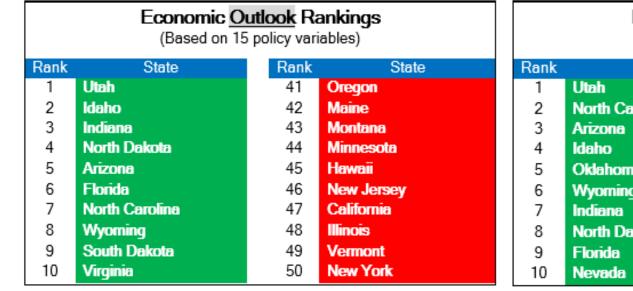
- Top Personal Income <u>Tax</u> Rate
- Top Corporate Income <u>Tax</u> Rate
- Personal Income <u>Tax</u> Progressivity
- Property <u>Tax</u> Burden
- Sales <u>Tax</u> Burden
- Remaining <u>Tax</u> Burden
- Estate / Inheritance <u>Tax</u>
- Recent <u>Tax</u> Changes

- Debt Service As % of Revenue
- % of Public Employees
- State Liability System Survey
- State Minimum Wage
- Average Workers' Compensation Costs
- Right-to-Work State
- <u>Tax</u> Expenditure Limits

Source: American Legislative Exchange Council, April 3, 2023

AMERICAN LEGISLATIVE EXCHANGE COUNCIL

2018	2023



Nebraska = #28; Iowa = #29

(#1 = Best)

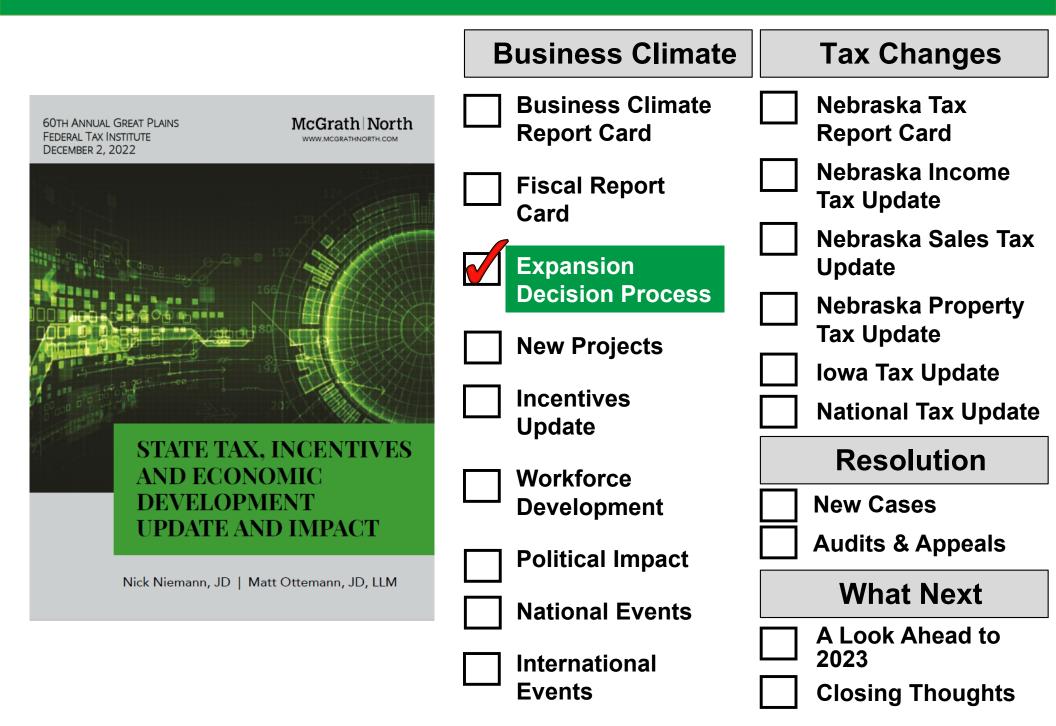
Source: American Legislative Exchange Council, April 17, 2018

Economic Outlook Rankings (Based on 15 policy variables)						
Rank	Rank State Rank State					
1	Utah	41	Maryland			
2	North Carolina	42	Hawaii			
3	Arizona	43	Oregon			
4	ldaho	44	Maine			
5	Oklahoma	45	California			
6	Wyoming	46	Illinois			
7	Indiana	47	New Jersey			
8	North Dakota	48	Minnesota			
9	Florida	49	Vermont			
10	Nevada	50	New York			

Nebraska = #36; Iowa = #32

$$(#1 = Best)$$

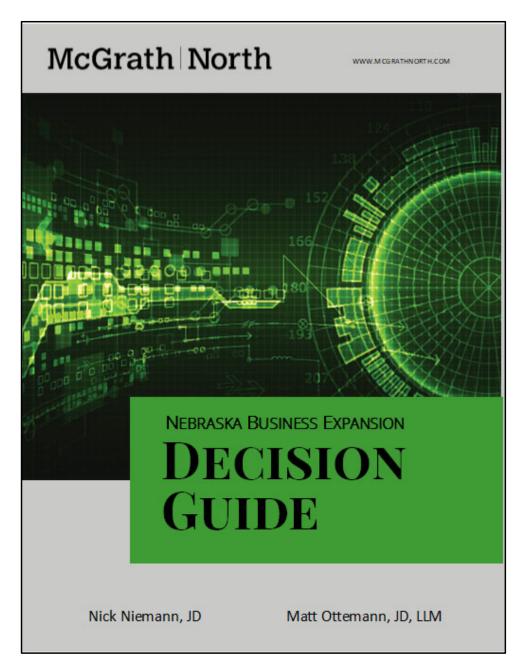
Source: American Legislative Exchange Council, April 3, 2023



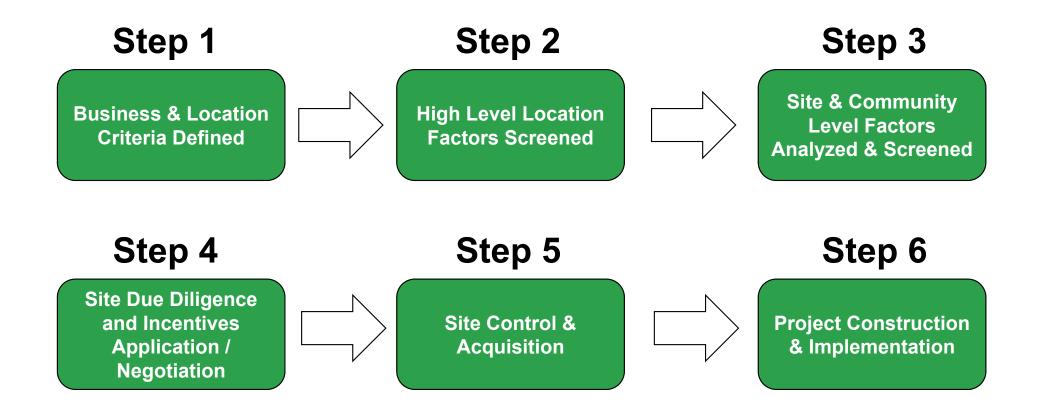




- This section is based on this Guide
- This details how Attorneys, CPAs and other professionals are helping to grow their clients companies



THE BUSINESS EXPANSION DECISION MAKING PROCESS



The analysis of potential State and Local tax and nontax incentives is important at each Step.

Key to success is team play and collaboration.

A QUICK UPDATED HIGH LEVEL ANALYSIS

Are These Nebraska Features:

- Right For Our Project
- Not Right For Our Project
- Don't Know Yet. Check It Out

Business Model Fit

Existing Presence

Proximity To Customers

Business State & Local Tax Scheme

Workforce Costs



Available Sites and Buildings



Occupancy or Construction Costs

Quality of Life



- Industry and Business Sector Clusters
- Rail Infrastructure
- Air Infrastructure
- State & Local Incentives
- Skilled Workforce
- Proximity To Suppliers
- Personal State & Local Tax Scheme



Area Cost of Living

En Co

Energy & Utilities Costs and Reliability



Legal & Regulatory Climate



Right To Work State



Ease of Permitting and Regulatory Process



Highway Infrastructure



SITE SELECTION

Tribal Economic Development

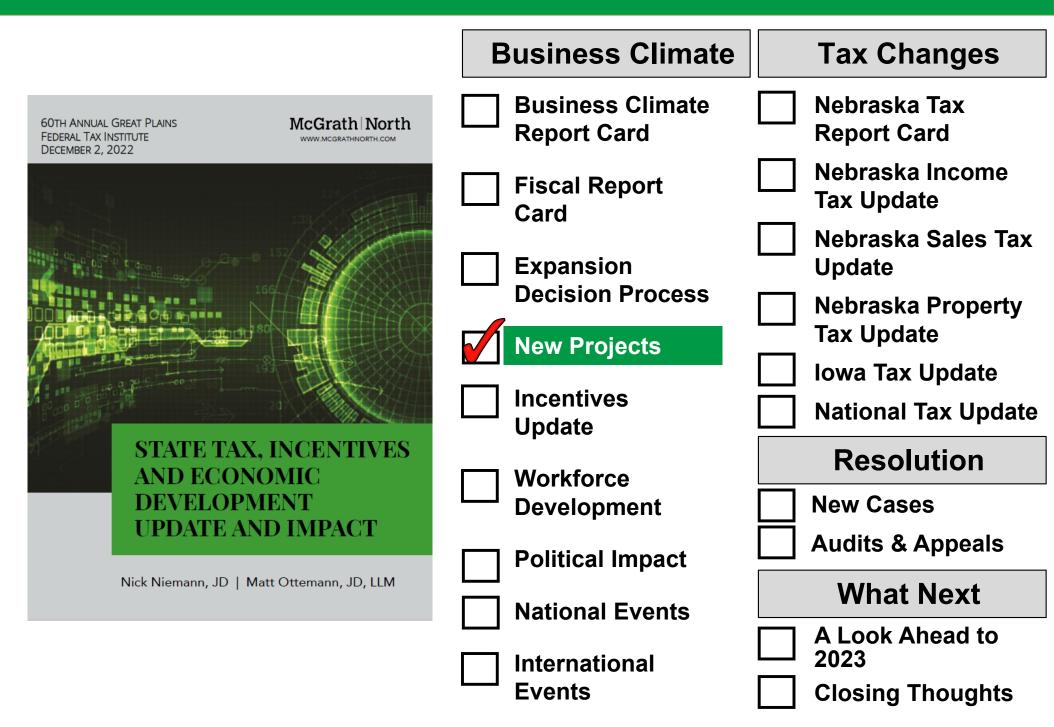
- <u>Ho-Chunk</u>, Inc. is a corporate owned by the <u>Winnebago</u> <u>Tribe</u> of Nebraska whose activities range from casinos to government contracting to real estate development.
- The operation went from five people and \$400,000 in revenue to around \$450 million and just under 2,000 employees today.
- In the process of building three off-reservation casinos in Nebraska, located in South Sioux City, Omaha and Lincoln.
- <u>Casinos</u> will <u>add</u> about <u>2,000 jobs</u>.

Source: Site Selection Magazine (May 2023)

Don't POTENTIAL FEDERAL INCENTIVES Overlook: FOR NEBRASKA GROWTH

- Research and Development Tax Credit
- Federal OpportunityZone
- New Markets Tax Credit
- Work Opportunity TaxCredit
- Federal Foreign TradeZones
- CHIPS Semiconductor
 Manufacturing

- Empowerment Zone TaxIncentives
- Credit for Electricity
 Produced from Certain
 Renewable Resources
- Second Generation
 Biofuel Producer Credit
- Historic Rehabilitation Tax Credit





New Projects



2022 PROSPERITY CUP

Site Selection Magazine's ranking of most <u>competitive</u> states (<u>based on job creation</u>, <u>new investment</u>, workforce and tax climate)

Top 10 States			West	t North	Central Region
2023	2022	State	2023	2022	State
1 2	1 T4	North Carolina	1	1	Kansas
3	7	Georgia Ohio	2	5	Missouri
4	Τ4	Indiana	3	3	South Dakota
5	6	Kentucky –	4	2	lowa
6 7	2 8	Texas South Carolina	5	7	Minnesota
8	13	Kansas	6	4	Nebraska
9	3	Tennessee	7	6	North Dakota
10	9	Michigan			

Source: Site Selection Magazine, May 2023

IMAGINE NEBRASKA PROJECTS

Imagine Nebraska Act Projects 3rd & 4th Quarters 2022 Projects 1st & 2nd Quarters 2023

Mutual of Omaha Insurance Company Tenneco Automotive Operating Company, Inc. Allo Communications, Inc. Columbus Hydraulics Holdings, LLC Malnove Holding Company, Inc. Nebraska Plastics, Inc. Nestle Purina PetCare Company The Good Life MedStaff, LLC Phillips Manufacturing Company Kawasaki Motors Manufacturing Group Greater Omaha Packing Co., Inc. Ash Grove Cement Company Peter Kiewit Sons', Inc. and Affiliates IceCap Cold Storage Philro Animal Health Corporation KAAPA Ethanol Holdings, LLC GA Crossings & Railroad Products, Inc.

H&M Trucking, Inc. Royal Engineered Composites, Inc. Alpaca, Inc. Norland International, Inc. Ag Processing, Inc. McCain Foods USA. Inc. Nixers Distilled Spirits, LLC Wholestone Farms Cooperative, Inc. McArthur Sheet Metal Works **IMSCORP & Subsidiaries** Pacific Life Insurance Company CrossMed Healthcare Staffing Solutions, Inc. Wonder Meats Snyder, LLC Cassling Diagnostic Imagine, Inc. Ethos Connected, LLC

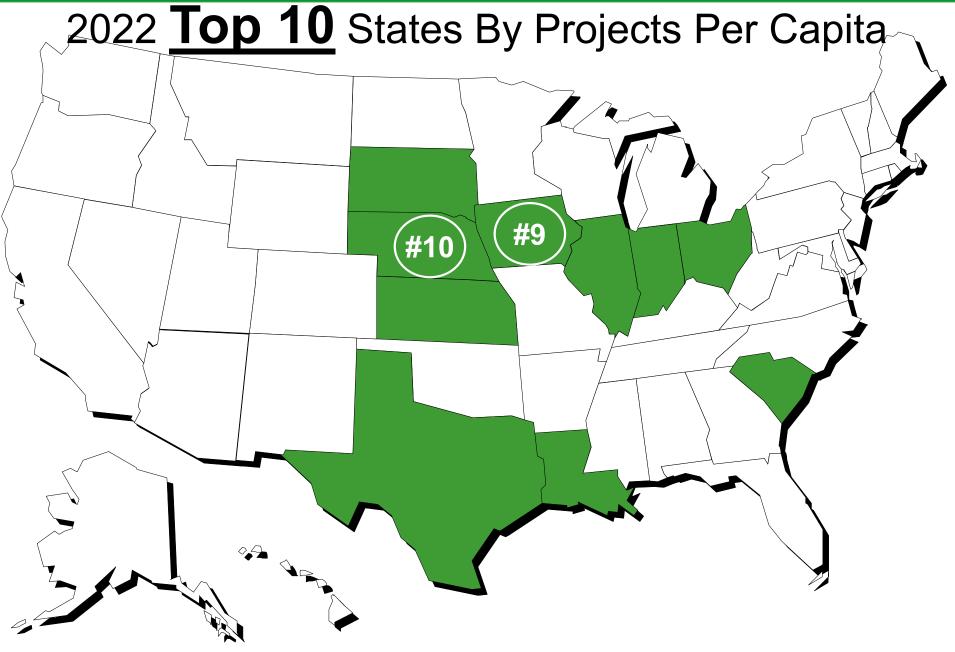
Total Investment: \$1,434,000,000 Total Jobs: 1380

(Source: Nebraska Department of Economic Development)

Bestorg

Elliot Equipment Company, Inc. Adams Industries, Inc. Hughes Mulch Product, LLC Manna Pro Products, LLC Interlink AI, Inc. Sioux City Tarp, Inc. Blue Cross Blue Shield of Nebraska Perfect Day, Inc. Hughes Brothers, Inc. Great Dane, LLC Telesis, Inc. Sandhills Global. Inc. Metalworks, Inc. **Omaha Printing Company** Lincoln Industries, Inc.

GOVERNOR'S CUP



Source: Site Selection Magazine, Mar. 2023

GOVERNOR'S CUP

2022 Top States

By Projects Per Capita

2022 Rank	2021 Rank	State	Project Count
1	1	Kansas	138
2	3	Kentucky	212
3	4	Ohio	479
4	7	Illinois	487
5	2	South Dakota	33
6	10	South Carolina	191
7	6	Texas	1,028
8	8	Indiana	207
9	11	Iowa	97
10	5	Nebraska	58
	Source:	Conway Projects Datab	base

Top States by Projects Per Capita:

#10 Nebraska



Prior Nebraska Rankings: 2021: #5 2020: #4 2019: #3 2018: #1 2017: #1 2016: #1

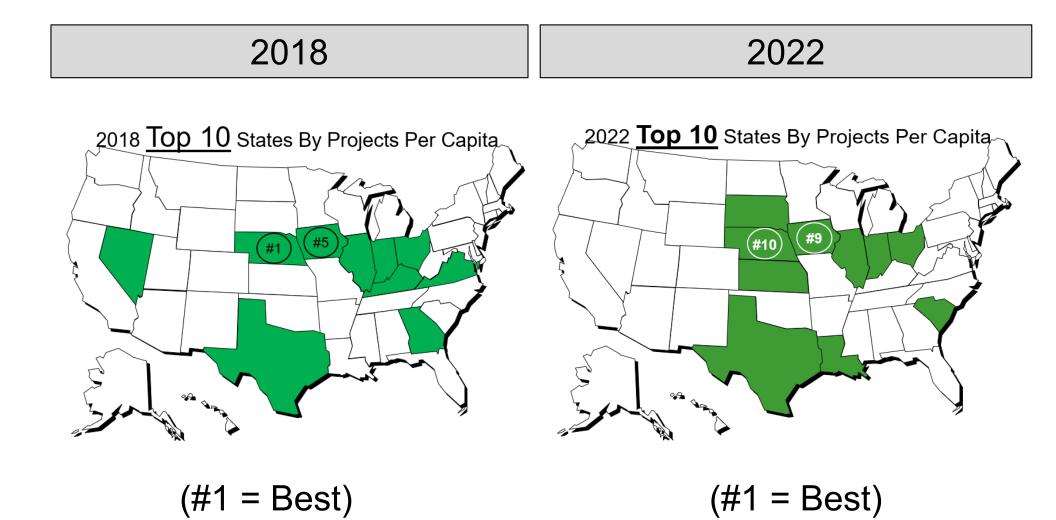
2022 Project Data Reported in March 2023

TOP STATES BY TOTAL PROJECTS

West North Central Region

2022	2021	State	Projects
1	1	Kansas	138
2	2	lowa	97
3	3	Missouri	94
4	4	Minnesota	93
5	5	Nebraska	58
6	6	South Dakota	33
7	7	North Dakota	11

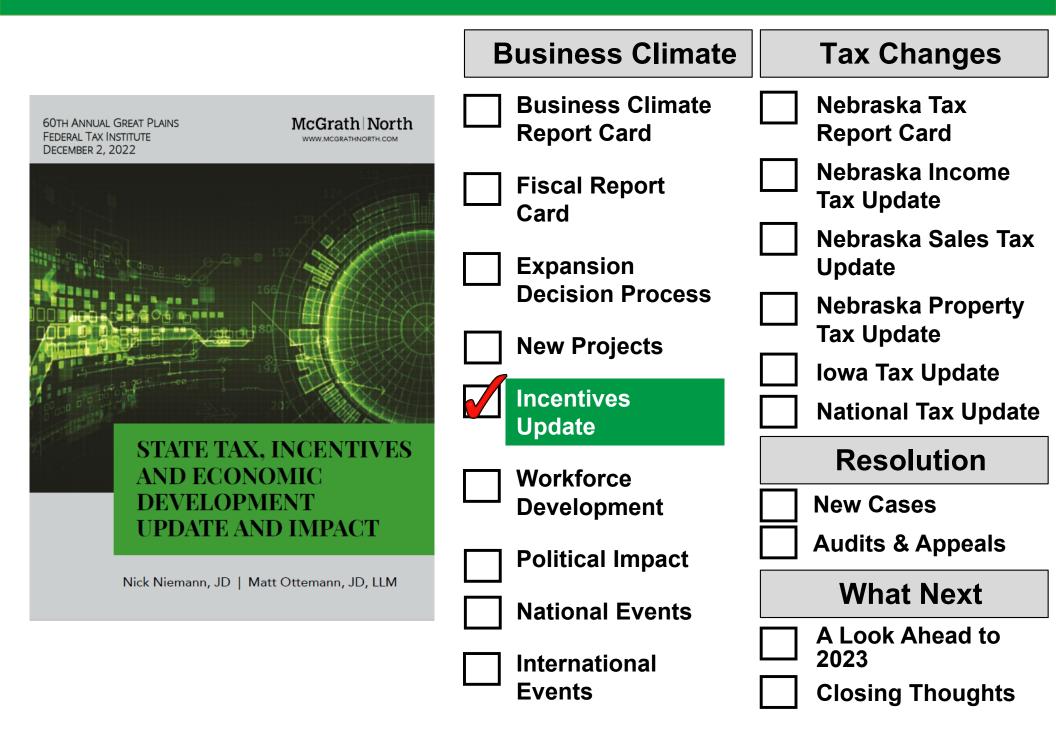
TOP STATES BY PROJECTS PER CAPITA



Source: Site Selection Magazine, Mar. 2019

Source: Site Selection Magazine, Mar. 2023

TODAY'S AGENDA



TODAY'S AGENDA





BUSINESS INCENTIVE PLANNING

What Should Occur Before Beginning Your Project or Expansion?

Each business expansion presents a unique combination of business, tax, legal, contract, and financial issues that need to be addressed and coordinated.

What Are Some Key Incentive Planning Considerations?

 \checkmark

Potential Programs

Business Model	Corporate Structure
Coordination	Business Contracts
Optimizing	Timelines and
Discretionary or Not	Deadlines

Nebraska Incentives

NEBRASKA'S APPROACH TO BUSINESS INCENTIVES

Main Incentive Platform

- 1987 Employment and Investment Growth Act (known as LB775).
- 2005 Nebraska Advantage Act (known as LB312).
- 2020 Imagine Nebraska Act (effective January 1, 2021).

These programs have incented the creation of:

- Over 950 expansion projects
- Over \$35 billion of capital investment
- Over 100,000 new jobs in Nebraska

Variety of Other Incentive Programs

INCENTIVE BENEFIT ILLUSTRATIONS

For Just The Imagine Nebraska Act:

Illustrations:	Project: Econ. Redev. Area	Project: Manufacturing (Rural)	Project: Manufacturing (Urban)
Based on certain project assumptions, these are illustrations of potential Tax Incentive Benefits for selected types of projects, based on just the Imagine Nebraska Act.	New Jobs: 5 New Investment \$250,000 <u>Tax Incentive Benefits</u> \$110,000	New Jobs: 5 New Investment \$1,000,000 <u>Tax Incentive Benefits</u> \$140,000	New Jobs: 10 New Investment \$1,000,000 <u>Tax Incentive Benefits</u> \$190,000
Project: Local Distribution	Project: Truck Transport	Project: Systems Design	Project: Insurance
New Jobs: 15 New Investment \$5,000,000 <u>Tax Incentive Benefits</u> \$430,000	New Jobs: 20 New Investment \$3,500,000 <u>Tax Incentive Benefits</u> \$450,000	New Jobs: 20 New Investment \$0 <u>Tax Incentive Benefits</u> \$700,000	New Jobs: 30 New Investment \$5,000,000 <u>Tax Incentive Benefits</u> \$1,960,000
Project: Warehouse New Jobs: 40 New Investment \$30,000,000 <u>Tax Incentive Benefits</u> \$4,060,000	Project: Retail Exporting New Jobs: 45 New Investment \$5,000,000 <u>Tax Incentive Benefits</u> \$1,430,000	Project: Bank New Jobs: 50 New Investment \$6,500,000 Tax Incentive Benefits \$1,830,000	Project: Data Center New Jobs: 50 New Investment \$600,000,000 Tax Incentive Benefits \$90,000,000
Project: Telecom Carrier New Jobs: 65 New Investment \$160,000,000 Tax Incentive Benefits \$22,070,000	Project: Research & Develop New Jobs: 90 New Investment \$10,000,000 <u>Tax Incentive Benefits</u> \$4,890,000	Project: Regional HQ New Jobs: 100 (High Wage) New Investment \$110,000,000 <u>Tax Incentive Benefits</u> \$19,870,000	Project: Food Processing New Jobs: 100 New Investment \$17,000,000 Tax Incentive Benefits \$3,710,000
Project: Distribution Center New Jobs: 130 New Investment \$30,000,000 <u>Tax Incentive Benefits</u> \$6,010,000	Project: Large Headquarters New Jobs: 200 (High Wage) New Investment \$140,000,000 <u>Tax Incentive Benefits</u> \$28,010,000	Project: Large Manufacturing New Jobs: 250 New Investment \$25,000,000 Tax Incentive Benefits \$7,640,000	Project: Modernization New Jobs: 0 New Investment \$50,000,000 <u>Tax Incentive Benefits</u> \$3,500,000

BUSINESS GROWTH INCENTIVES

	Imagi	ne Ne	braska	a Act - I	Incen	tive Sur	nmary	,
	Economic Redevelop- ment Areas*	Manufa Growt Expa		Growth and Expansion	Quality Jobs	Quality Jobs & Investment	Mega- Project	Modernization
REQUIREMEN (to be achieved	-	year Ramp U Rural	Jp Period au Urban	nd maintained	for the 7 y	ear Performan	ce Period)	
New # of Jobs	5 FTE	5 FTE	10 FTE	10 FTE	20 FTE	30 FTE	250 FTE	None
New # OI JODS	SFIE	5716	_	TUFIE	20 FIE	30 FIE	250 FTE	None
New Investment	\$250,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	None	\$5,000,000	\$250,000,000	\$50,000,000
Wage Threshold	70% State Average	70% State Average	75% State Average	90% State Average	100% State Average		150% State Average	
TAX INCENTIV	E BENEFITS							
Wage Credit	6%	6%	4%	4%	150	0% = 5% 0% = 7% 0% = 9%	150% = 7% 200% = 9%	None
Invest Tax Credit	4%	4% ⁽¹⁾	4% ⁽¹⁾	4%	None	7%	7%	None
Sales Tax Refund/ Exemption	None	None	None	None	None	Yes	Yes	Yes
Personal Property Tax Exemption	No	No	No	Νο	Νο	Ag Processing Machinery & Data Center Equipment	All Tangible Personal Property	Ag Processing Machinery & Data Center Equipment

Imagine Nebraska Act – Other Features

Project Length	Other Requirements And Factors	Extremely Blighted	Tax Credit Use	
 Ramp Up Period - Up to 5 years Performance Period - 7 Years Carry Over Period - 3 Years 	 Must offer health insurance and show benefits for job to count. The State Average wage, as of 10/26/22, 100% = \$25.90. Pro rata benefit recapture if fall below thresholds before end of Performance Period. 	Wage Credit and ITC are 1% point higher for Extremely Blighted Areas.	To offset withholding liability, sales tax, and corporate income tax. Also, for job training and recruitment of new, high wage employees. Also, to repay loans from the Imagine Nebraska Revolving Loan Fund for workforce training and infrastructure development.	
150M/year for 202 3% of State tax re Legislative Comm While only full-tin applicable as a lin * Economic Rede	ceipts thereafter. Then no new Apps unless nittee expands. ne employees count, FTE calculation is still	Process: File with Nebraska Department of Economic Development.Audit & Claims with Nebraska Department of Revenue.Footnote: (1) 7% if \$10M investment for manufacturing.poverty. A listing of Areas is available on		

How is The "Imagine Nebraska Act" Designed To Work Well For Your Project?

Important To Your Project?

 Magnitude
 Thresholds
 Qualified Business Activities
 Time Periods
 Application
 Qualified Business Activity Interpretations Sales Tax Refund vs. **Exemption Signed Agreement** Credit Use **Multiple Locations M** Thresholds With No **Maximums M** Transferability **Administration**

Main Issue: Actually Getting Your Money

BUSINESS GROWTH INCENTIVES

- Market State Income Tax Benefit
- Local Option Economic Development Act Grants
- Manufacturing Equipment Sales Tax Exemption
- Microenterprise Tax Credit Act
- Site and Business Development Act Grants
- City/County Infrastructure "Entitlements"
- Pollution Control Sales Tax Refund
- Nebraska Transportation Innovation Act Grants
- SBIR / STTR Grants
- Nebraska Advantage Research & Development Tax Credits
- Nebraska Innovation Fund Prototype Grants
- Nebraska Academic Research & Development Grants

- Imagine Nebraska Infrastructure Loan Fund
- Nebraska Seed Investment Program
- State Trade Expansion Program (STEP) Funds
- Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Loan Program
- Tax Increment Financing
- Enterprise Zone Benefits
- New Markets Job Growth Investment Act Funding
- Nebraska Rural Development Act Tax Credits
- Nebraska Urban Redevelopment Act Tax Credits
- Talent Recruitment & Retention Tax
 Incentive
- Job Training & Recruitment Funding

Changes to ImagiNE Nebraska Act (LB 92 & 727) (Operative June 7, 2023)

Two new activities at qualified locations:

- Nebraska-based entities <u>participating</u> in the federal Creating Helpful Incentives to Produce Semiconductors (<u>CHIPS</u>) for America Act
- <u>Waste</u> treatment and disposal activities, as defined under NAICS 5622, including:
 - Waste treatments and disposal
 - Hazardous and nonhazardous waste treatment and disposal
 - Solid waste landfills, combustors and incinerators

Nebraska Advantage Rural Development Act

(LB 727) (Operative September 2, 2023)

- <u>Minimum level of investment</u> for the <u>Livestock</u> <u>Modernization</u> level is <u>reduced from \$50,000 to</u> <u>\$10,000</u> for applications submitted beginning January 1, 2024.
- The <u>annual cap</u> of tentative tax credits that can be authorized is <u>increased to \$2 million from \$1</u> <u>million</u>.

Nebraska Advantage Research and Development Act

(LB 727) (Operative September 2, 2023)

- Act is amended to change requirements for use of the <u>E-Verify</u> system for 2023 and later
- E-Verify <u>must occur within 90 days</u> after hire (<u>not 3 days</u>) or longer if allowed under E-Verify
- <u>If no E-Verify</u>, that employee's <u>pay must be</u> <u>deducted</u> from the qualified research expenses to calculate the credit.
- Act <u>closes to new companies after 2033</u>.

Good Life Transformational Projects Act

(LB 727) (Operative June 7, 2023)

- Act <u>creates a district</u> that applies <u>a sales tax</u> <u>rate of 2.75%</u> for transactions occurring within an approved Good Life District.
 - Not larger than 2,000 acres
- <u>Applications</u> must be filed <u>no later than 2024</u>
- Will be <u>approved by DED based on the ability of</u> the District to generate <u>new economic activity</u>, create <u>new jobs</u>, and promote <u>new-to-market</u> <u>retail</u>, <u>entertainment</u>, and <u>dining</u> attractions.

Good Life Transformational Projects Act

(LB 727) (Operative June 7, 2023)

- <u>Restrictions</u> apply based on:
 - <u>Size of city and county</u> that the proposed District will be located in
 - A District located in a larger city and/or county must generate larger economic benefits.
- <u>Must demonstrate</u> that the project will have:
 - <u>20% of sales from out-of-state</u> residents or
 - <u>At least 600,000 out-of-state visitors per year</u> for a project located in a county with a population of at least 100,000 people.

lowa Incentives

SITE SELECTION

Iowa Intelligence Report Five Ways Iowa Is Innovating For Growth

- Enacting Transformational Tax Reform.
- Building Momentum in Biosciences.
- Improving Certified Site Readiness.
- Advancing Manufacturing.
- Investing in Our Workforce.

Source: Site Selection Magazine (May 2023)

Net Capital Gain Exclusion (HF 2317)

- Allow an employee-owner <u>one</u> <u>irrevocable</u>
 <u>lifetime</u> <u>election</u>
- To exclude from state individual income tax
- <u>Net capital gain</u> from the sale of capital stock on one qualified corporation
- Election then applies to all subsequent sales of that stock
- Very similar to Nebraska Capital Gain Exclusion (1987 LB775)

Changes Effective January 1, 2023

IOWA INCENTIVES

Net Capital Gain Exclusion (HF 2317)

Qualified Corporation Requirements

- <u>Employed</u> individuals in lowa for at least 10 years
- <u>At least 5 shareholders</u> for 10 years prior to first sale
- <u>At least 2 unrelated shareholders</u> for 10 years prior to first sale

IOWA INCENTIVES

Retired Farmer Lease Income Exclusion (HF 2317)

- Excludes from Individual Income Tax
- <u>Retired Farmer's income from lease</u> of real property held by farmer for 10 or more years
- If Farmer materially participated in farming business for <u>10 or more years</u>
- Farmer <u>must be at least 55 years old</u> and no longer materially participating in farming
- N/A to Pass Through Income

Changes Effective January 1, 2023

IOWA INCENTIVES

Retired Farmer Capital Gain Exclusion on Sale of Land (HF 2317)

Revisions:

- Term "materially participated" <u>now includes</u> <u>retired</u> farmer - If 10 years or more (before election)
- Exclusion <u>now also</u> covers <u>sale of Breeding</u> <u>Livestock</u> (other than cattle and horses)
- Other conditions apply

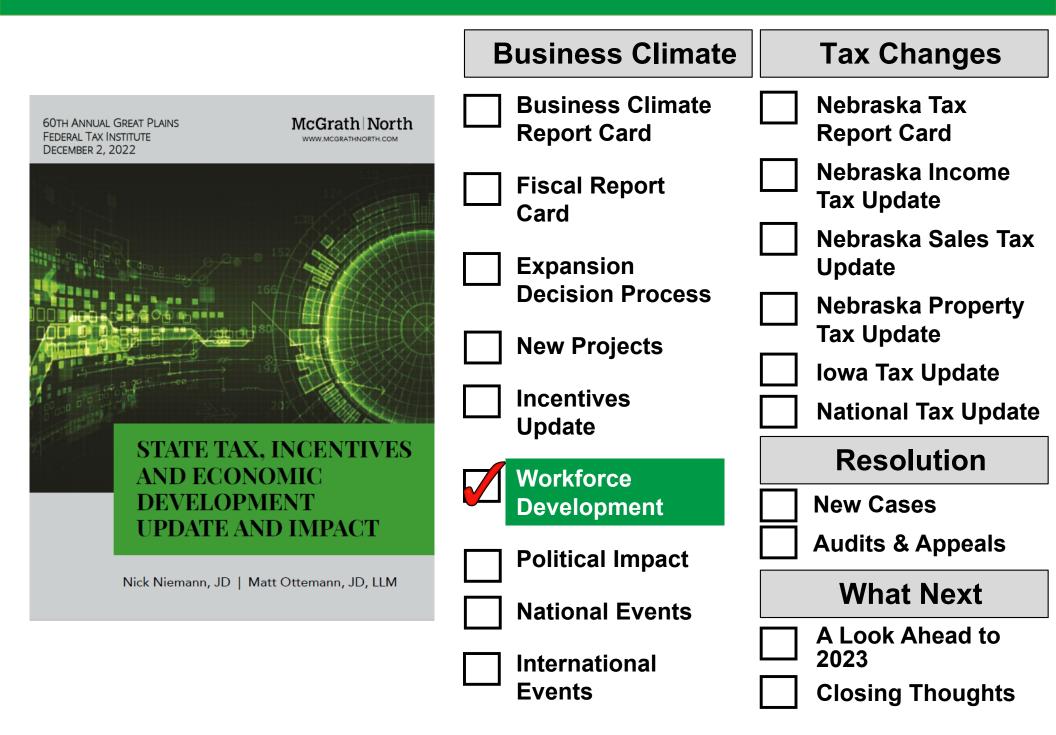
Refundability of Iowa Credits (HF 2317)

- <u>Reduces</u> the <u>refundability of certain credits by</u>
 <u>5% annually</u>, <u>until capping at 75%</u> refundability for tax years beginning after Jan. 1, 2027:
 - Redevelopment tax credit
 - Historic preservation tax credit
 - Third-party developer tax credit
 - Assistive device tax credit
 - Research Activities Credit (reduces to 50% refundable)

Beginning Farmer Credits (SF 619)

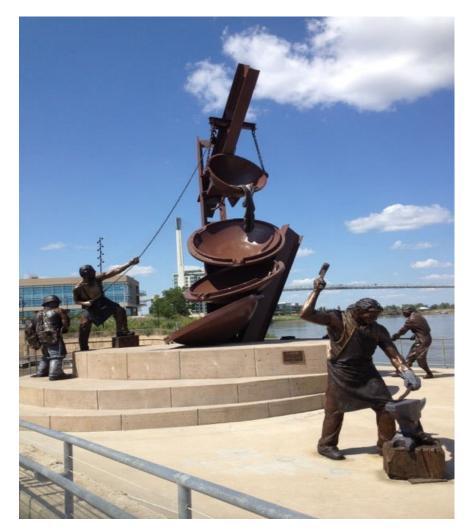
- <u>Expanded</u> Beginning Farmer Tax Credits Program by allowing <u>participation</u> for up to <u>15</u> <u>years</u>
- Broadened definition of agricultural assets
- Expands total amount of credits

TODAY'S AGENDA



TODAY'S AGENDA





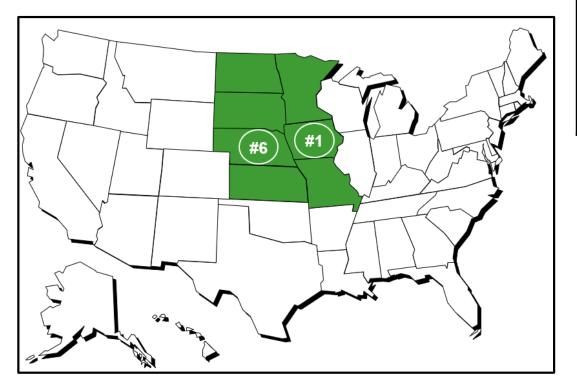
SITE SELECTION

Locations Are Working Harder To Deliver Today's Workforce

- Attracting talent is or should be as or more important to locations than attracting companies.
- Today it is about outdoor recreation opportunities, sense of place – particularly in the downtown area – a reasonable cost of living, vibrancy, walkability and 'cool factor'.

SITE SELECTION MAGAZINE

2023 Regional Workforce Development Rankings



(#1 = Best)

Source: Site Selection Magazine, January 2023

West North Central	2022	2021
lowa	1	1
Kansas	2	2
North Dakota	3	3
Minnesota	4	4
South Dakota	5	5
Nebraska	6	7
Missouri	7	6

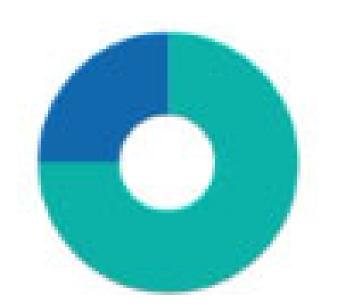
States are <u>ranked</u> <u>based</u> <u>on</u> their rank in the following:

- CNBC's Top States for Business: 2021 Workforce & Education Sub-Ranking.
- 2. U.S. News' 2021 Best States for Education Rankings
- 3. ACT National Career Readiness Certificates for 2021.
- 4. Workforce Preparation & Development Program Expenditures.
- 5. Education & Workforce Development Connections 2021 Report from the Education Commission of the U.S.

SITE SELECTION

Workers Shortages Dictate Site Selection Choices Like Never Before

How Are Talent and Labor Availability Challenges Impacting Site Selection Decisions?





25% some effect

Source: Site Selection Magazine (January 2023)

SITE SELECTION

The 2023 Regional Workforce Development Rankings

How Are Talent and Labor Availability Challenges Impacting Site Selection Decisions?

West North Central	2022	2021
lowa	1	1
Kansas	2	2
North Dakota	3	3
Minnesota	4	4
South Dakota	5	5
Nebraska	6	7
Missouri	7	6

Source: Site Selection Magazine (January 2023)

Use of Remote Employees

- Many companies are allowing or encouraging remote employees
 - Cannot find employees in Nebraska, particularly in certain fields
 - Employees are wanting or demanding to work from home (or they'll find someone else to work for).

Remote Employee Taxation

- Income Tax: Nebraska's "Convenience" Rule
 - <u>Employees are subject to Nebraska income tax, even</u> <u>if they do not step foot in Nebraska, if they work</u> <u>outside Nebraska for their own "convenience"</u>
- May require fully remote employees to pay Nebraska income tax

WITHHOLDING TAX FOR REMOTE EMPLOYEE

Specific NDR Regulation

- Wages paid to <u>nonresident</u> employee
- For work performed entirely outside Nebraska
- Are <u>not</u> subject to Nebraska income tax <u>withholding</u>.

General NDR Regulation

- <u>Employer must withhold</u> Nebraska income tax <u>if</u>:
 - 1. The employer is maintaining an office in Nebraska
 - 2. Wages are subject to federal withholding
 - 3. <u>Wages are taxable under Nebraska Revenue Act</u>
- Ymjxj r f~hwjfyj <u>htskophyrsl</u> wjxzow 3

Potential 2024 Legislation

- To amend "Convenience" rule
- To clear up potential withholding regulation contradictions and tie to Nebraska income tax results

Address Short Term Employees

- Create minimum time allowed to work in Nebraska without Nebraska income tax, such as:
 - Training
 - Trade show
 - Meetings

Hoping For Interim Nebraska guidance

SITE SELECTION

"How Site Selection Can Help Solve The Remote Work Puzzle"

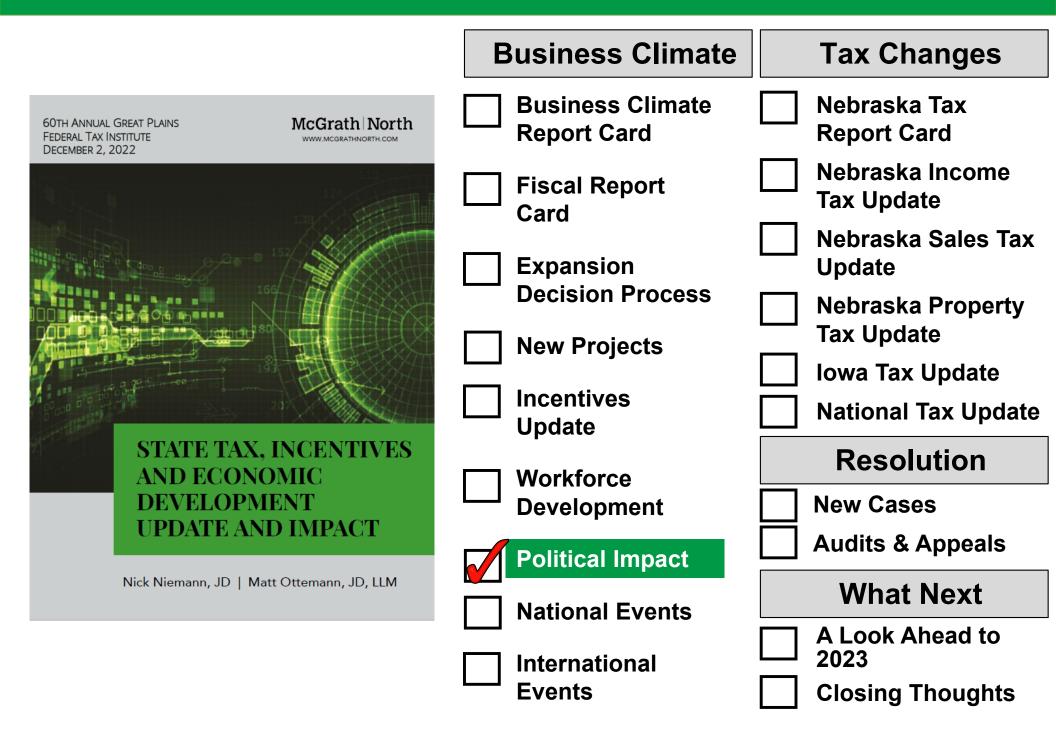
Through effective placement of office space, coworking agreements and managed hybrid structures, a growing number of employers are realizing that productivity flourishes when workers are happier and when they like where they work.

Best U.S. Cities For Remote Workers

- 1. Miami-Fort Lauderdale/West Palm Beach, FL
- 2. Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, IN
- 3. Omaha-Council Bluffs, NE-IA
- 4. Tulsa, OK
- 5. Detroit-Warren-Dearborn, MI
- 6. San Antonio-New Braunfels, TX
- 7. Jacksonville, FL
- 8. Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL
- 9. Tuscon, AZ
- 10. Cleveland-Elyria, OH

GOVERNORS WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT WORKING GROUP

- To develop solutions to Nebraska Workforce shortages.
- We have been meeting for past couple months.
- Anticipate 2024 Legislative Proposals.







POLITICAL IMPACT

2022 Migration Trends As Tracked By:



- Largest <u>Net Gain of Trucks</u>:
 - 1. Texas
 - 2. Florida
 - 3. South Carolina
 - 4. North Carolina
 - 5. Virginia

- 6. Tennessee
- 7. Arizona
- 8. Georgia
- 9. Ohio
- 10.Idaho

Shows Where People Are Moving To

POLITICAL IMPACT

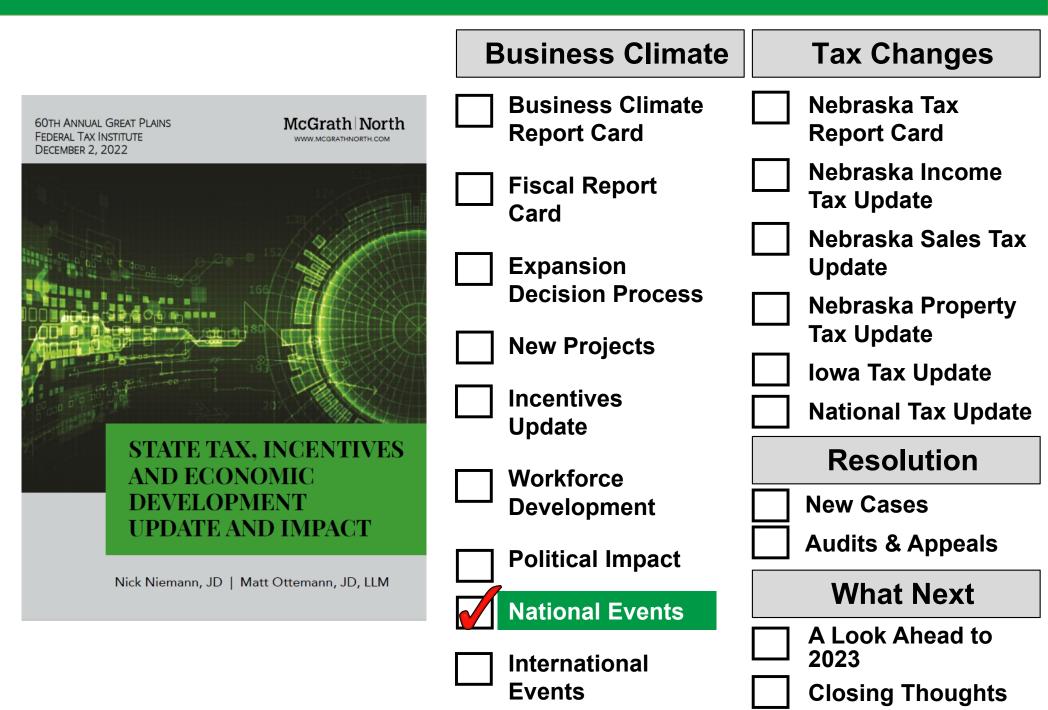
2022 Migration Trends As Tracked By:



- Largest <u>Net Loss of Trucks</u>:
 - 1. California
 - 2. Illinois
 - 3. Michigan
 - 4. Massachusetts
 - 5. New York

- 6. New Jersey
- 7. Maryland
- 8. Arkansas
- 9. Oklahoma
- 10. Alaska

Shows Where People Are Moving From





National Events



TOP 20 NORTH AMERICAN DEALS

	1] [
Micron Technology,	Hyundai Motor Group	Intel Corporation	Panasonic Corp. /	
Inc.	Bryan County,	New Albany,	Panasonic Energy	
Clay,	Georgia	Ohio	Co., Ltd	
New York			De Soto, Kansas	
\$20 billion, 9,000 jobs	\$5.54 billion, 8,100 jobs	\$20 billion, 3,000 jobs	\$4 billion, 4,000 jobs	
Hyundai Motor Group	Stellantis/LG Energy	Micron Technology	Vinfast Trading and	
/SK Innovation Co.,	Solution	Boise,	Production LLC	
Ltd	Windsor,	ldaho	Moncure,	
White, Georgia	Ontario		North Carolina	
\$4 billion, 3,500 jobs	\$4.1 billion, 2,500 jobs	\$15 billion, 2,000 jobs	\$2 billion, 7,500 jobs	
Wolfspeed, Inc.	Honda Motor Co./LG	Taiwan Semi-	General Motors/LG	
Silver City,	Energy Sol. Vertech	conductor Mfg Co.	Energy	
North Carolina	Jefferson Township,	(TSMC)	Solutions/Ultium	
	Ohio	Phoenix, Arizona	Lansing, Michigan	
\$5 billion, 1,800 jobs	\$3.5 billion, 2,000 jobs	\$28 billion, 1,400 jobs	\$2.6 billion, 1,700 jobs	
GlobalWafers/	Envision AESC Japan	Our Next Energy	Redwood Materials	
Globitech	Bowling Green,	(ONE)	Berkeley County,	
Sherman,	Kentucky	Van Buren Township,	South Carolina	
Texas		Michigan		
\$5 billion, 1,500 jobs	\$2 billion, 2,000 jobs	\$1.6 billion, 2,112 jobs	\$3.5 billion, 1,500 jobs	
Ford Motor Co.	Stellantis/Samsung	LEGO A/S	Hyundai Mobis	
Avon Lake,	SDI	Chesterfield,	Richmond Hills,	
Ohio	Kokomo,	Virginia	Georgia	
	Indiana			
\$1.5 billion, 1,800 jobs	\$2.5 billion, 1,400 jobs	\$1 billion, 1,760 jobs	\$926 million, 1,578 jobs	
Source: Site Selection Magazine, May 2023				

America's Best Counties By Projects Per Capita: The Top 20 (Jan. 2022 – March 2023, Min. 10,000 Pop.)

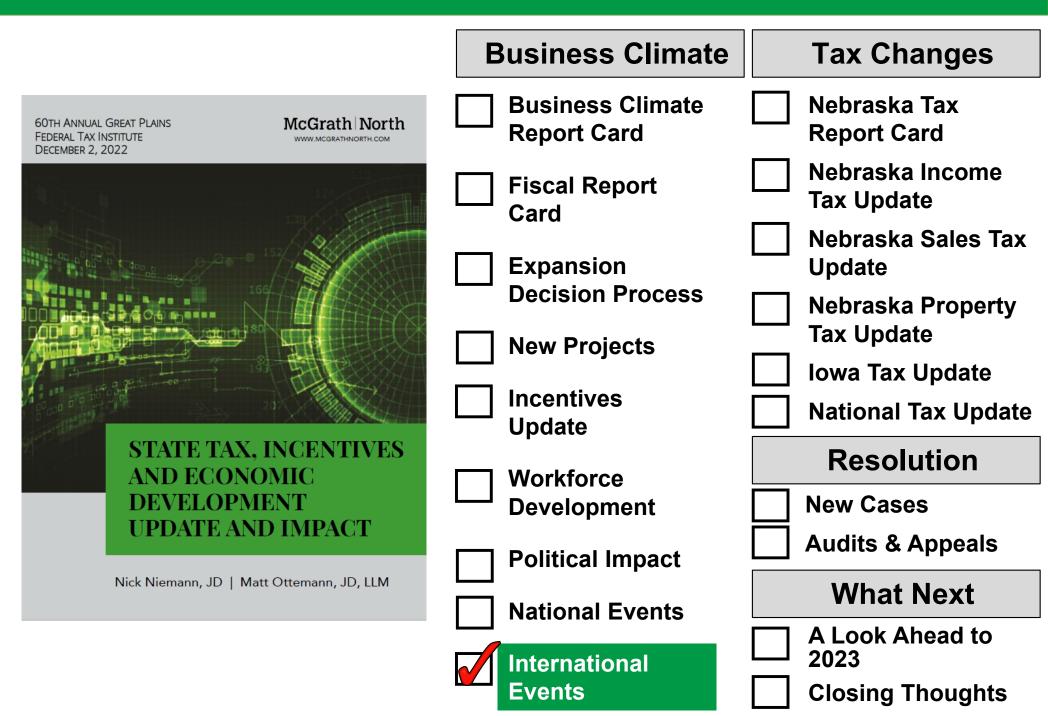
RANK	JURSIDICTION	NO. OF PROJECTS	POPULATION
1	Hancock County, Ohio	32	74,861
2	Union County, South Dakota	5	17,063
3	Dakota County, Nebraska	6	21,042
18	Floyd County, Iowa	3	15,337

Source: Site Selection Magazine (July 2023)

Where & Why The Logistics Giants Are Expanding Top 10 States For Logistics Facility Projects Jan. 2018 – July 2023

STATE	PROJECTS
Texas	1,800
Illinois	1,215
Ohio	615
Georgia	540
California	519
Florida	317
North Carolina	283
Pennsylvania	276
Virginia	272
South Carolina	221

Source: Site Selection Magazine (September 2023)







INTERNATIONAL EVENTS

Global Best To Invest 2023

Top 10 Countries

- 1. United States
- 2. Canada
- 3. Germany
- 4. United Kingdom
- 5. Ireland
- 6. Australia
- 7. South Korea
- 8. China
- 9. Sweden
- 10. France

Top 10 Countries Per Capita

- 1. United States
- T2. Canada
- T2. Ireland
- 4. Sweden
- 5. United Kingdom
- 6. Switzerland
- 7. Australia
- 8. Portugal
- 9. Germany
- 10. Finland

Source: Site Selection Magazine, May 2023

Findings from the "Global Startup Ecosystems Report 2023" also highlight emerging and surging locations

- Tech companies have laid off hundreds of thousands of the tech workers they hired in 2021's boom time in recent months.
- Around 135,000 workers in the U.S. based tech companies.
- The spark of these layoffs could create an explosion of startups.

Source: Site Selection Magazine (July 2023)

Top 30 Global Startup Ecosystems

ECOSYSTEM	OVERALL RANK	ECOSYSTEM	OVERALL RANK
Silicon Valley	1	San Diego	16
New York City	2 (tied)	Toronto – Waterloo	17
London	2 (tied)	Paris	18
Los Angeles	4	Chicago	19
Tel Aviv	5	Sydney	20 (tied)
Boston	6	Bengaluru - Karnataka	20 (tied)
Beijing	7	Stockholm	22
Singapore	8	Miami	23
Shanghai	9	Delhi	24
Seattle	10	Austin	25
Washington, D.C.	11	Sao Paulo	26
Seoul	12	Philadelphia	27
Berlin	13	Denver – Boulder	28
Amsterdam-Delta	14	Atlanta	29
Tokyo	15	Vancouver	30

Source: Startup Genome - Site Selection Magazine (July 2023)

From Rarity To Reality

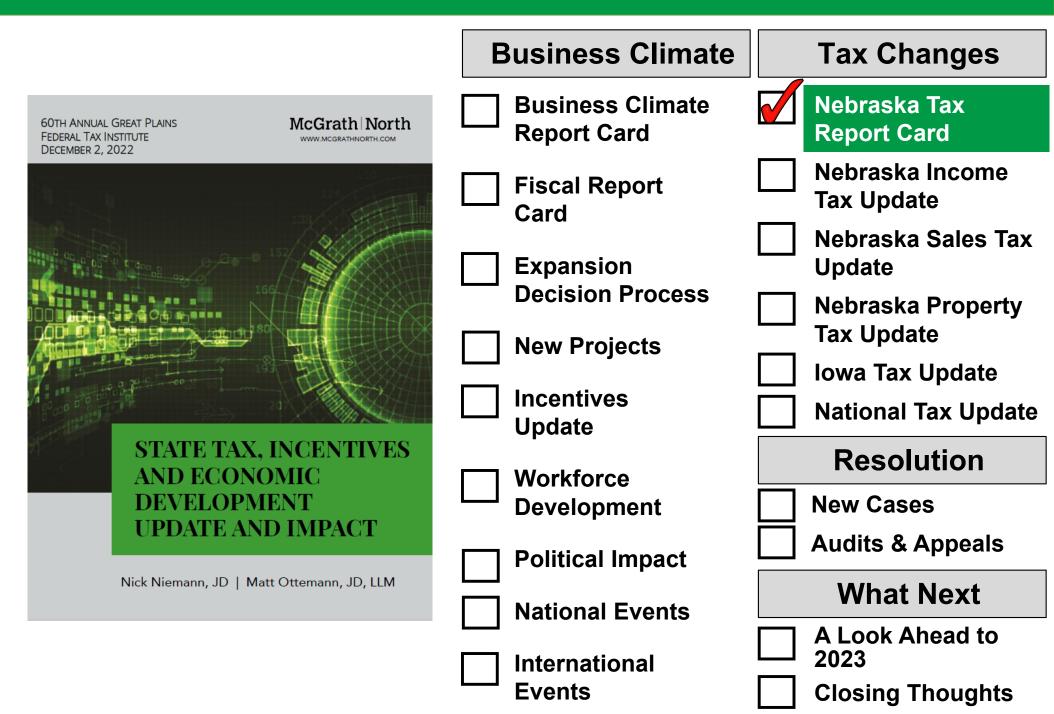
- Around the world <u>countries</u> are <u>making</u> <u>targeted</u> <u>investments</u> in <u>rare earth</u> <u>operations</u> that drive domestic supply chains and feed into clean energy goals.
- Mineral resources such as copper, nickel, lithium, cobalt, graphite and manganese are <u>vital</u> to producing <u>batteries</u>, <u>magnets</u> and <u>electricity-related</u> technologies that keep these systems intact.

Source: Site Selection Magazine (September 2023)

From Rarity To Reality

2023 RANK	COUNTRY	MINE PROD. (METRIC TONS)
1	China	210,000 MT
2	United States	43,000 MT
3	Australia	18,000 MT
4	Myanmar	12,000 MT
5	Thailand	7,100 MT
6	Vietnam	4,300 MT
7	India	2,900 MT
8	Russia	2,600 MT
9	Madagascar	960 MT
10	Brazil	80 MT

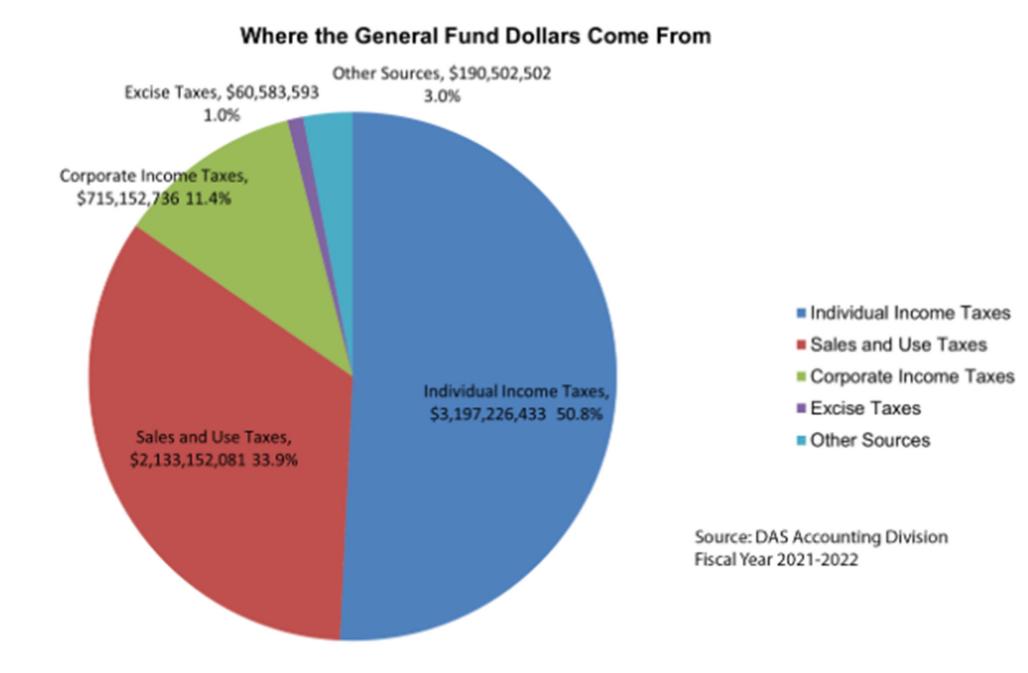
Source: U.S. Geological Survey - Site Selection Magazine (September 2023)



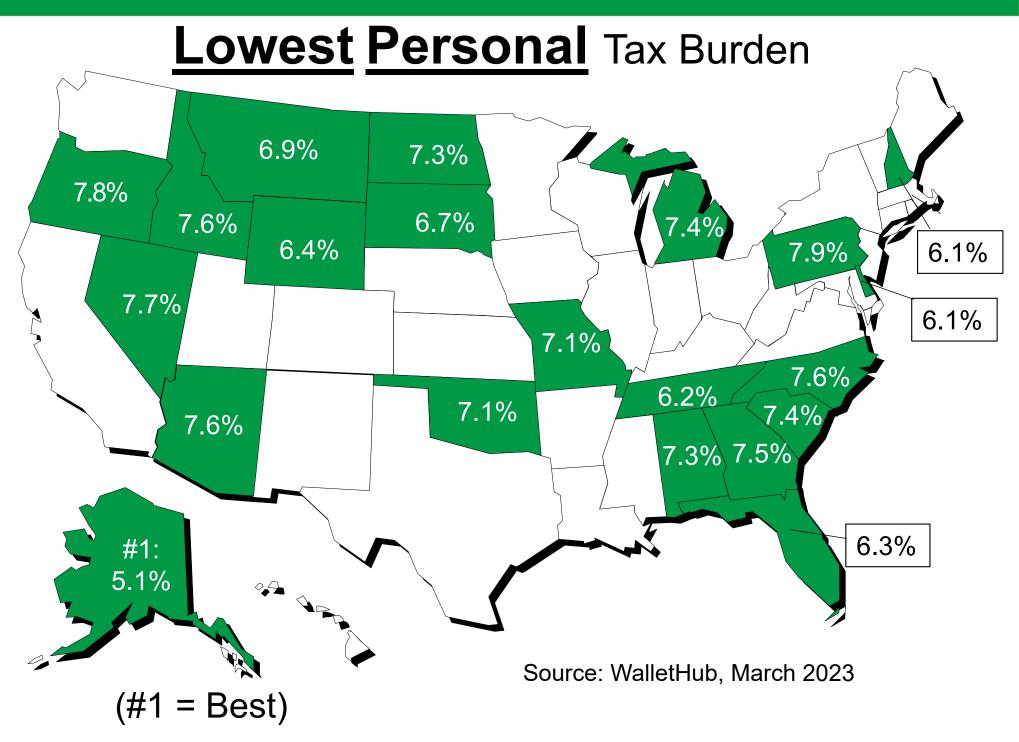




Nebraska State Tax Revenue Sources

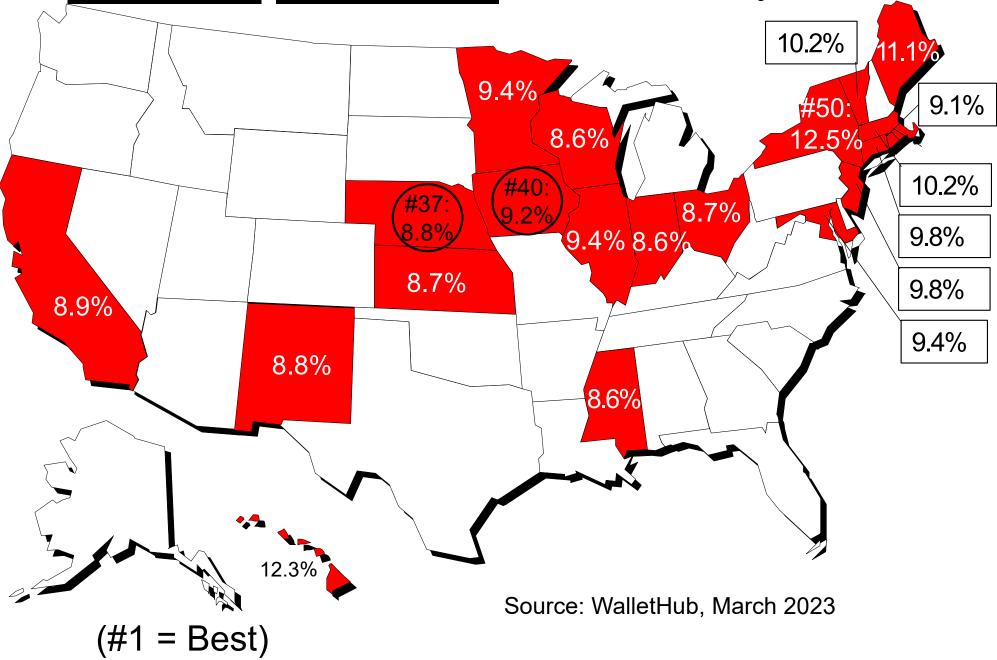


WALLETHUB

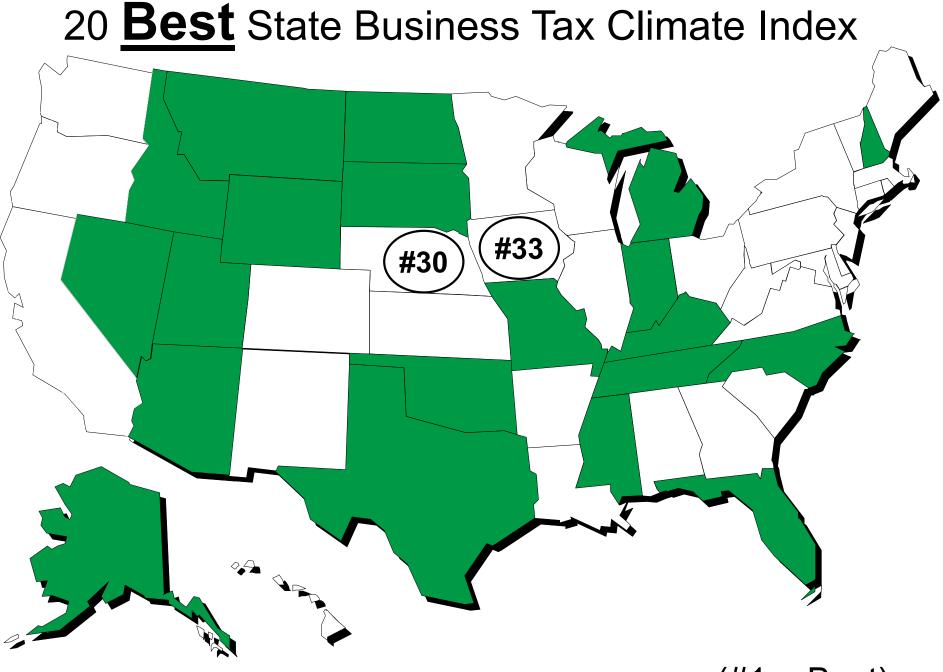


WALLETHUB

Highest Personal Tax Burden by State



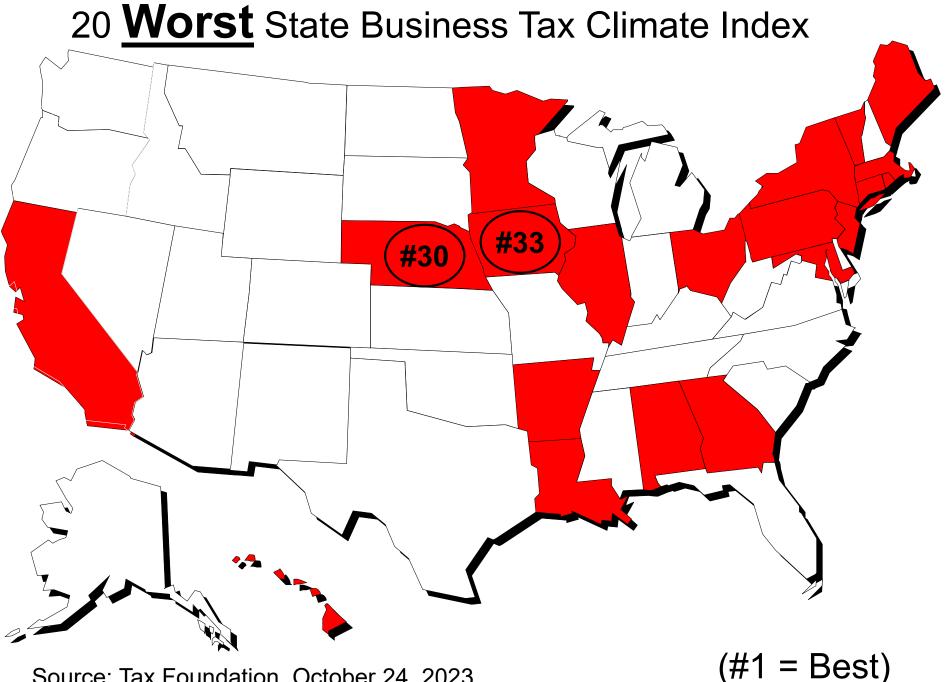
TAX FOUNDATION



Source: Tax Foundation, October 24, 2023

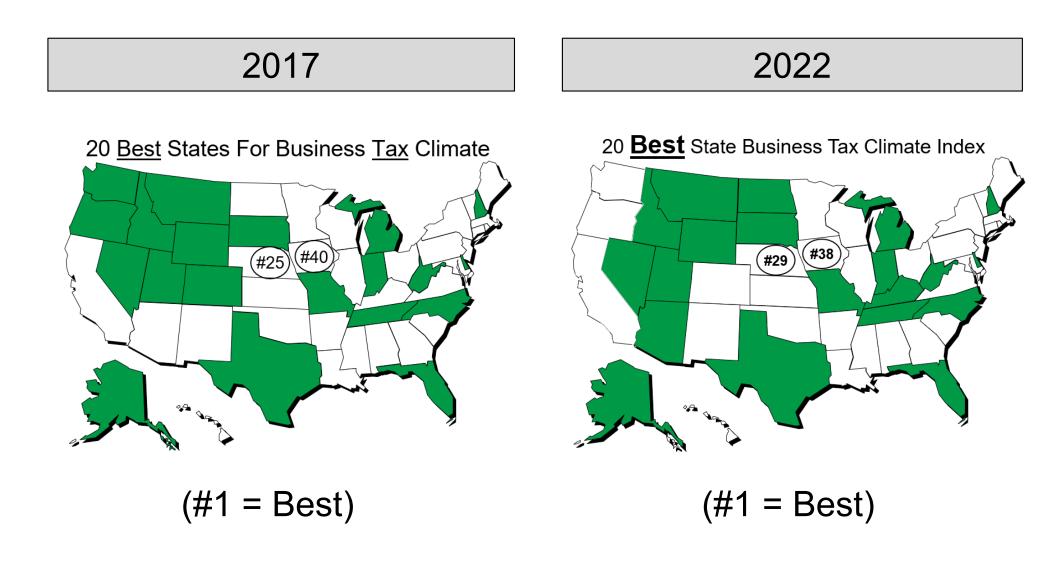
(#1 = Best)

TAX FOUNDATION



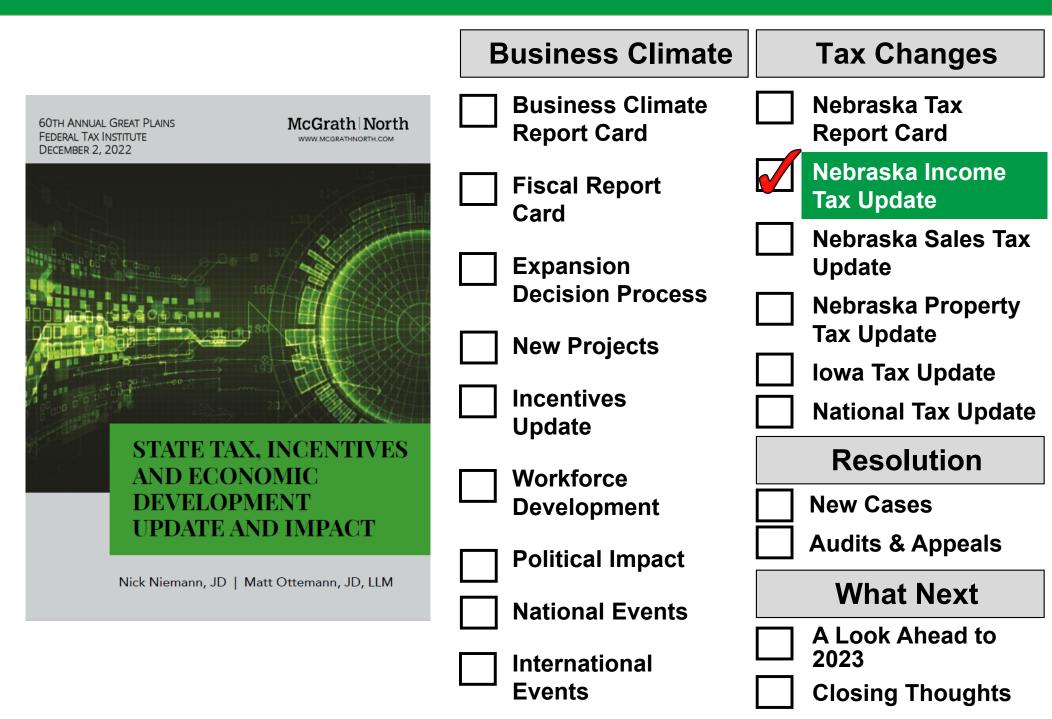
Source: Tax Foundation, October 24, 2023

Tax Foundation Comparison



Source: Tax Foundation (Oct. 17, 2017)

Source: Tax Foundation (October 25, 2022)







Taxation of Social Security Benefits

Prior Law: LB 873, (2022)

- <u>Percentage</u> of social security benefits that would be <u>deducted</u> from Nebraska taxable income
 - 40% for 2022
 - 60% for 2023
 - 80% for 2024
 - 100% for 2025 and beyond
- <u>Not</u> taxable for <u>lower income</u> seniors
 - \$61,760 or less AGI Married Filing Jointly
 - \$45,790 or less for other Taxpayers



Taxation of Social Security Benefits (LB 754) (Operative for 2024 and later)

 <u>Effective for 2024 and later</u>, 100% of Social Security benefits are <u>deducted</u> from Nebraska taxable income



Federal Retirement Income Exclusion (LB 754) (Operative for 2024 and later)

 <u>Effective for 2024 and later</u>, 100% of retirement income received <u>from Federal</u> Employees Retirement System <u>or the Civil Service</u> Retirement System are <u>deducted</u> from Nebraska taxable income



Individual and Fiduciary Rate Change (LB 754) (Operative for 2024 and later)

- <u>Reduces</u> maximum tax rate for individuals, trusts and estates: Now at 6.64%
 - 5.84% for 2024
 - 5.20% for 2025
 - 4.55% for 2026
 - 3.99% for 2027 and beyond



• <u>Compare</u>: 1987 LB773 – Max Rate 5.9%

NEBRASKA INCOME TAX

Corporate Rate Change

(LB 754) (Operative for 2024 and later)

- <u>Reduces</u> corporate tax rate imposed on Nebraska taxable income above \$100,000: Now at 7.25%
 - 5.84% for 2024
 - 5.20% for 2025
 - 4.55% for 2026
 - 3.99% for 2027 and beyond



- 5.58% for the first \$100,000 of Nebraska taxable income in 2024
 - Then only one rate

- <u>A partnership and S corporation</u> may make an annual irrevocable <u>election</u> to <u>be</u> <u>subject</u> to <u>Nebraska income tax</u>.
- A separate election <u>must be made for each tax</u> year <u>beginning on and after January 1, 2018</u>.
- The election applies to all returns filed for the year covered by the election.

- <u>Income tax</u> liability is computed at the <u>highest</u> <u>individual rate</u> on the entity's Nebraska income.
- <u>Owners may claim</u> a <u>refundable</u> <u>credit</u> equal to their share of the Nebraska income tax paid by an electing entity.
- Partners or shareholders <u>may apply that credit</u> to the subsequent tax year.

After Election

- When computing the partner's or shareholder's tax liability
- <u>Their share</u> of the Nebraska income taxes <u>deducted</u> on <u>the</u> <u>federal</u> return by the partnership or S corporation
- <u>Must be added back to Nebraska taxable</u> income

- <u>Nonresident</u> individual <u>partner</u> <u>or</u> <u>shareholder</u> will <u>not</u> <u>be</u> <u>required</u> <u>to</u> <u>file</u> <u>a</u> <u>Nebraska</u> <u>income</u> <u>tax</u> <u>return</u> <u>if</u>:
 - <u>All</u> their <u>Nebraska</u> source <u>income</u> is <u>from</u> <u>electing</u> <u>partnerships</u> <u>or S corporations</u>
 - <u>Their share</u> of the taxes paid by the entity <u>satisfied</u> their <u>Nebraska</u> income tax liability
 - When computing tax liability, their share of the Nebraska income tax deducted on the federal return by the entity must be added back.

- For 2024 and later, electing entities must make estimated tax payments as if they were a corporation.
- An electing entity that incurs a <u>net operating</u> loss <u>cannot</u> <u>carry</u> the loss forward to succeeding taxable years.

Credit for Tax Paid to Another State Expanded

(LB 754) (Operative June 1, 2023)

- Credit for tax paid to another state for a resident individual, estate, or trust
- <u>Expanded</u> to include tax paid by a partnership or S corporation in another state
- When the partnership or S corporation is also subject to Nebraska income tax.

- Establishes a program to provide scholarships for eligible students to attend qualified Nebraska private elementary and secondary schools
- Scholarships are funded by cash contributions made to scholarship-granting organizations
- Will <u>qualify the donor for a nonrefundable tax</u>
 <u>credit</u>

- <u>Taxpayers must notify the scholarship-granting</u> organization of their intent to contribute and the amount to be claimed as a tax credit.
- Organization will notify DOR of the intended contribution.
- DOR will process notifications in the order received within 30 days of receipt.
- DOR will reserve the tax credits until the annual <u>limit</u> reaches <u>\$25</u> million for 2024-2026.

- For calendar years <u>2027</u> and <u>after</u>, the annual limit will be calculated based upon a model in LB 753 (<u>up to \$100 million maximum</u>).
- The organization will issue a receipt for the contribution made by the taxpayer to take the nonrefundable tax credit.

- Any <u>unused credit</u> may be <u>carried</u> forward for <u>five years</u> after the credit was first granted.
- <u>May only claim a credit on</u> the portion of the contribution <u>that</u> was <u>not</u> <u>claimed</u> as a charitable contribution <u>on</u> the federal return.

Child Care Tax Credit Act (LB 754) (Operative January 1, 2024)

- Parents or legal guardians of <u>children 5 years</u> old or younger may apply to DOR to receive a <u>refundable tax credit</u>.
- <u>Must claim the child as a dependent</u> for federal income tax purposes.

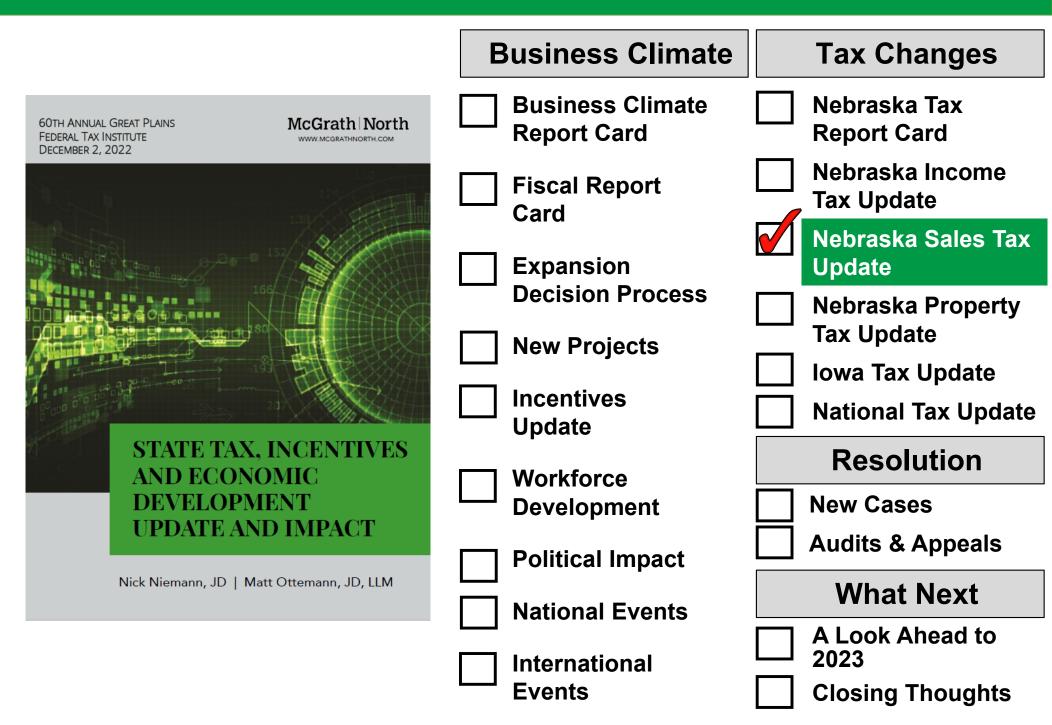
Child Care Tax Credit Act (LB 754) (Operative January 1, 2024)

- The parent or legal guardian is <u>eligible</u> for the refundable tax credit <u>if</u>:
 - The <u>child</u> is <u>enrolled</u> in <u>a licensed</u> <u>child</u> <u>care</u> <u>program;</u>
 - <u>Child</u> <u>receives</u> <u>care</u> <u>from</u> an approved license-<u>exempt</u> <u>provider</u> enrolled in the child care subsidy program; or
 - <u>Parent's or guardian's total household income is less</u> <u>than</u> or equal to 100% of the <u>federal poverty level</u>.

Child Care Tax Credit Act (LB 754) (Operative January 1, 2024)

- The refundable tax credit amount is based on the parent's or legal guardian's total <u>household</u> <u>income</u>. The credit will equal:
 - <u>\$2,000 per child</u>, if the total household income is no more than <u>\$75,000</u>; or
 - <u>\$1,000 per child</u>, if the total household income is more than <u>\$75,000</u> but no more than <u>\$150,000</u>.
 - <u>Zero</u>, if the total household income is <u>more than</u> <u>\$150,000</u>.

TODAY'S AGENDA



TODAY'S AGENDA







Buyer-Based Exemption (LB 727) (Operative July 1, 2026)

- Beginning July 1, 2026, a <u>construction</u> <u>contractor</u> may purchase materials tax-exempt based on the buyer-based exemption of the contractor's client.
- <u>Buyer-based</u> exemption <u>means</u> an <u>exemption</u> <u>based on who purchases a product</u>.
- The provisions relating to purchasing agent appointments were adjusted to accommodate this.

Agricultural Machinery & Equipment Exemption

(LB 727) (Operative October 1, 2023)

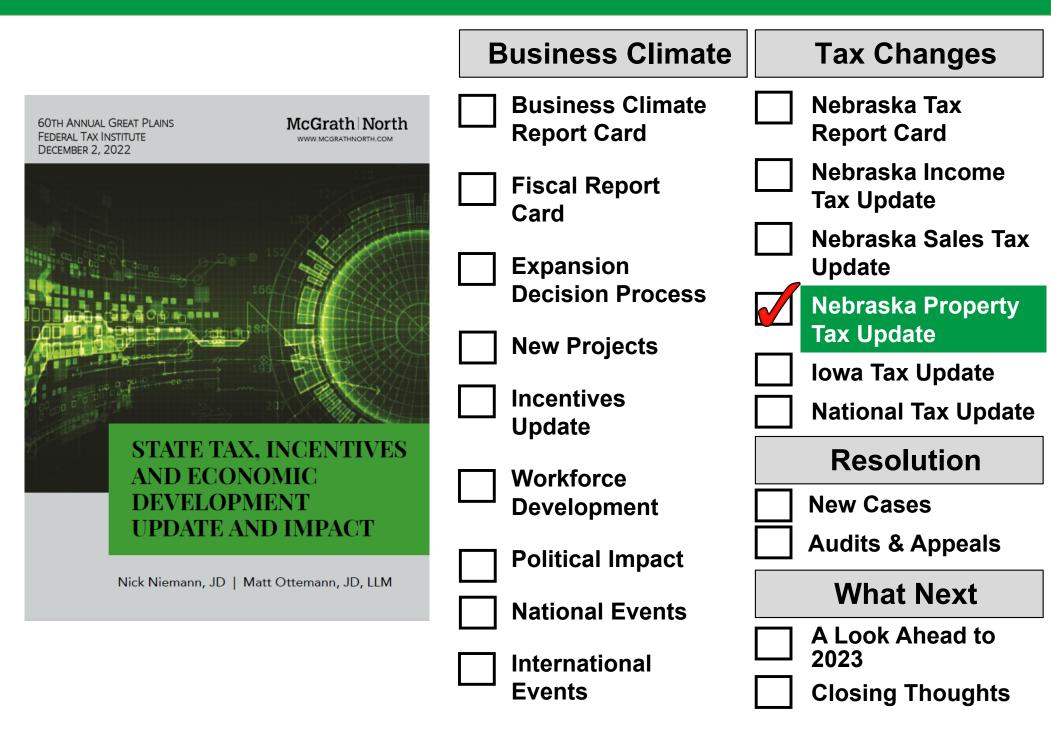
- Exemption was <u>expanded to include baling wire</u> and twine
 - Purchased for use in commercial agriculture
 - To bail livestock feed or bedding.
- <u>Changes the exemption for net wrap</u> by requiring the net wrap to be <u>used in baling of livestock feed or bedding</u>.

Exemption for Governmental Projects Expanded

(LB 727) (Operative July 1, 2023)

- A <u>new sales tax exemption</u> was established
 - For a nonprofit corporation making a lease-purchase agreement, financing lease, or other instrument
 - For a governmental unit's expenditures towards a project
 - <u>Paid</u> in whole or in part <u>with</u> <u>redevelopment</u> <u>bonds</u>

TODAY'S AGENDA



TODAY'S AGENDA



Nebraska Property Tax Update



Special Valuation (LB 727) (Operative June 7, 2023)

- Requirements for real property to receive special valuation are changed so that the <u>land</u> <u>must only be agricultural or horticultural and</u> consist of <u>five acres or more</u>.
- As of January 1, 2023, land within the corporate boundaries of any <u>sanitary and improvement</u> <u>district</u>, <u>city</u>, <u>or village</u> is <u>no longer excluded</u> from special valuation.

Tax Deeds and Notice to Property Owners (LB 727) (Operative June 7, 2023)

 <u>Notice</u> due to property owners associated with the purchase of delinquent taxes and tax deeds is increased to better protect owner's rights.

Homestead Exemption (LB 727) (Operative January 1, 2024)

- <u>Veterans</u> who are eligible for homestead exemption because they are <u>100% permanently</u> <u>disabled</u> are <u>no longer required to file</u> a homestead exemption <u>on an annual basis</u>.
- Instead, these veterans must only <u>file</u> a homestead exemption along with the required certification from the VA <u>in their first year</u> of application <u>and in years divisible</u> by five <u>after</u>.

TIF Financing (LB 531) (Operative June 7, 2023)

- Designation of <u>extremely blighted</u> is <u>valid for 25</u> <u>years</u> unless the designation is removed by specified procedures.
- If an area has carried a <u>substandard</u> and blighted or extremely <u>blighted</u> designation for <u>more than 30 years</u>, a <u>TIF project cannot</u> be approved <u>until an analysis</u> of the existing projects has occurred.

Refundable Income Tax Credit (Property Tax Incentive Act) (LB 243) (Operative September 2, 2023)

- <u>School District Tax Credit</u> Amounts:
 - <u>2024</u>: <u>\$560 million + %</u> Growth in Real Property Values from Prior Year (Prior Law)
 - <u>2025-2028</u>: Prior Year Credit + <u>%</u> <u>Growth</u> in Real Property Values from Prior Year (<u>Prior</u> Law)
 - <u>2029</u>: Prior Year Credit + % Growth in Real Property Values from Prior Year <u>+ \$75 million (New Law)</u>
 - 2030 & Later: Prior Year Credit <u>+ %</u> Growth in Real Property Values from Prior Year

Refundable Income Tax Credit (Property Tax Incentive Act) (LB 243) (Operative September 2, 2023)

- <u>Community College Tax Credit</u> Amounts:
 - <u>2023</u>: <u>\$100 million</u>
 - <u>2024</u>: <u>All Community College taxes levied</u>

Refundable Income Tax Credit (Property Tax Incentive Act)

How many credits are being wasted?

- Sep 2022: 40% of taxpayers failed to claim
- Sep 2023: 23% of taxpayers failed to claim

School District Property Tax Limitation Act

- <u>Limits</u> the <u>annual increase</u> in a school district's property tax request authority to <u>3%</u>
 - Adjustments for increases in school district growth, students with limited English proficiency, and students in poverty.
- <u>Does not apply to</u> that <u>portion</u> of a school district's property tax request needed <u>to pay</u> <u>approved bonds</u>.

School District Property Tax Limitation Act

- School districts <u>can</u> <u>exceed</u> their property tax request <u>with approval from 60% of voters</u>
- School may <u>also</u> increase growth percentage by <u>a vote of at least 70% of the school board</u>.
 - This increase is limited (with higher limits for smaller school districts).

Property Tax <u>Credit</u> Act (LB 243) (Operative September 2, 2023)

- <u>Minimum</u> <u>Tax</u> <u>Credit</u> Amounts were <u>amended</u> <u>from</u> <u>\$275</u> million for all years <u>to</u>:
 - 2023: \$360 million
 - 2024: \$395 million
 - 2025: \$430 million
 - 2026: \$445 million
 - 2027: \$460 million
 - 2028: \$475 million

Property Tax Credit Act (LB 243) (Operative September 2, 2023)

- Minimum Tax Credit Amounts were amended from \$275 million for all years to:
 - 2029: Prior Year Credit + % Growth in Real Property Values from Prior Year + \$75 million
 - 2030 & Later: Prior Year Credit + % Growth in Real Property Values from Prior Year

Community College Levy Authority (LB 243) (Operative September 2, 2023)

Fiscal Year 2024-2025 and Later:

- Community colleges <u>may only levy for bond</u>
 <u>payment and a capital improvement fund</u>
- If the state does not provide full funding for community colleges, the college can have an election to authorize a levy to generate revenue equal to what the state funding would have been.

Community College Levy Authority (LB 243) (Operative September 2, 2023)

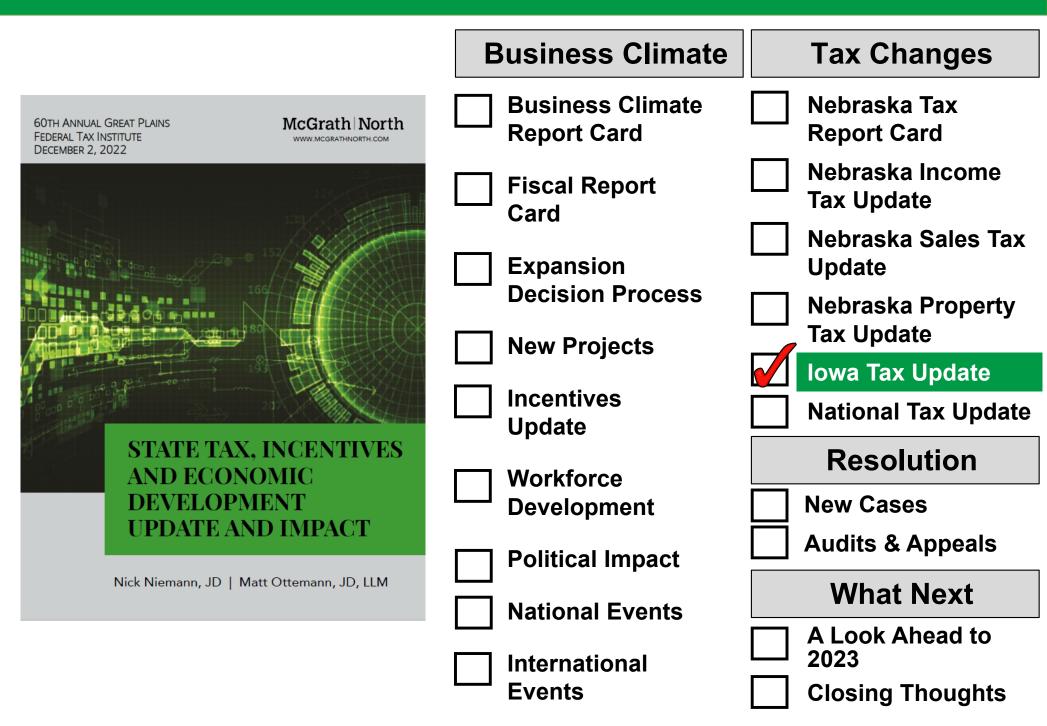
Fiscal Year 2024-2025 and Later:

- In addition, <u>if aid is less</u> than what was provided in the previous year:
- <u>Community college board</u> of governors <u>may</u> <u>levy</u> to generate revenue <u>to make up</u> the difference in aid funding.

GOVERNORS WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT WORKING GROUP

- To develop solutions to high property taxes.
- We have been meeting for past couple months.
- Anticipate 2024 Legislative Proposals.

TODAY'S AGENDA



TODAY'S AGENDA



Iowa Tax Update



Pass-Through Entity Tax

(HF 352) (Effective 05/11/23, Made Retroactive to 1/1/23)

- Iowa enacted an <u>entity-level tax election</u> for pass-through entities that <u>allows a partner or</u> <u>shareholder to claim a credit</u> against the individual and corporate income taxes paid.
 - Taxpayers have to make a <u>separate election for each</u> <u>tax year</u>.
 - This election is <u>irrevocable</u> <u>once</u> <u>made</u> and is binding on the taxpayer and all partners or shareholders.

Withholding on Retirement Income (SF 181) (Effective 02/20/23, Made Retroactive to 1/1/23)

 Income tax <u>withholding is only required if</u> pension or other retirement <u>income</u> is <u>subject to</u> <u>lowa income tax</u>.

Employer Child Care Tax Credit (SF 181) (Effective 02/20/23, Made Retroactive to 1/1/23)

- For purposes of the Employer Child Care Tax Credit
- <u>Amount</u> of <u>qualified</u> <u>employer</u> <u>expenditures</u> related to child care
- That may be used in calculating the tax credit is limited
- To include <u>only qualified expenditures made in</u> <u>lowa</u>.

Tax Filing Status

(SF 565) (Effective 06/01/23, Made Retroactive to 1/1/23)

- For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2023
- Iowa <u>requires taxpayers to use the same</u> filing status <u>for lowa</u> individual income tax purposes <u>that they use for federal</u> income tax purposes.

Settlement Authority (SF 565) (Effective 1/1/24)

- Under prior law, the DOR may compromise and settle <u>doubtful</u> <u>claims</u> for taxes or refunds.
- Iowa <u>expanded</u> the settlement authority of DOR <u>to</u> <u>include</u> the settlement of any <u>taxes</u>, <u>penalties</u>, and <u>interest</u>.
- In the case of <u>doubtful</u> <u>liability</u>, <u>doubtful</u> <u>collectability</u>, <u>economic</u> <u>hardship</u>, or to <u>promote</u> effective <u>tax</u> <u>administration</u>.

Estimation of Tax (SF 565) (Effective 1/1/24)

- Amends Iowa Iaw to <u>authorize the DOR to</u> <u>estimate the tax due</u> for a taxpayer <u>who fails to</u> <u>file a return</u>, or files a false or fraudulent return, based on information the DOR can obtain.
- The <u>DOR</u> would <u>then</u> be required to <u>issue</u> a <u>notice of assessment</u> to the taxpayer.

Property Tax Assessment Fix (SF 181) (Effective 02/20/23, Made Retroactive to 1/1/22)

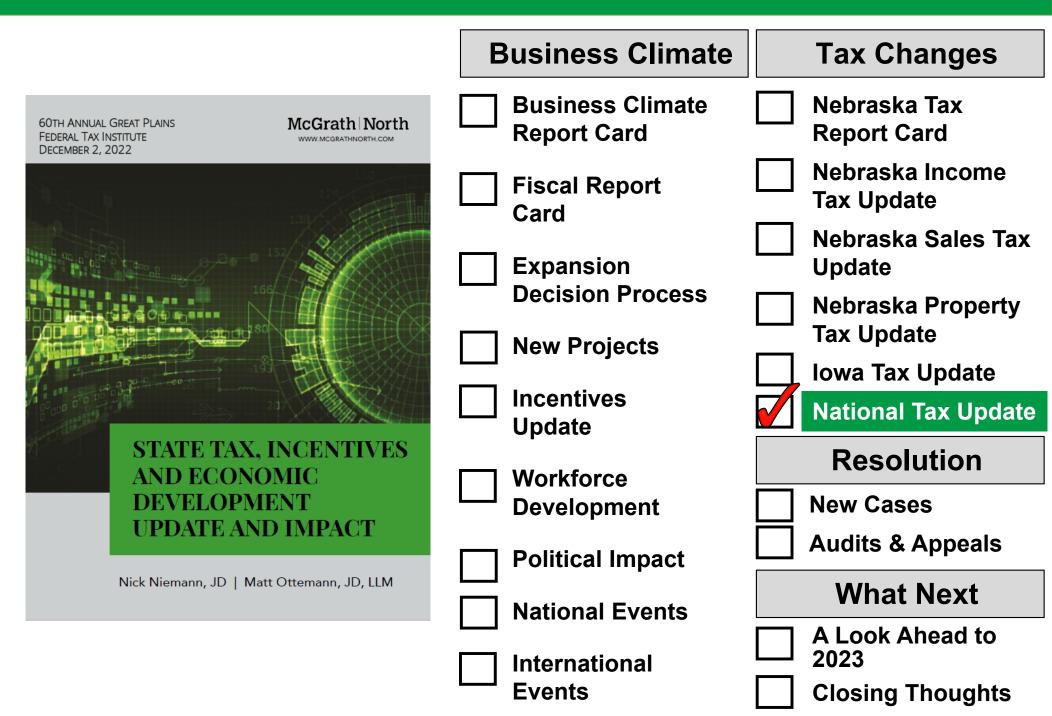
- <u>lowa tax changes</u> in 2013 and 2021 <u>caused</u> multi-residential properties (e.g. <u>apartments</u>) to <u>be taxed at the same rate as other residential</u>
- But lowa did not change a formula designed to cap values for homes and farms
- This mistake <u>would have cost owners</u> of lowa residences <u>\$130 million</u> in additional tax
- The <u>formula was updated</u>, but this will reduce local government budgets

IOWA PROPERTY TAX

Levy Limitations (HF 718) (Effective 7/1/24)

- Iowa implemented <u>structural property tax</u> reform by:
 - <u>Automatically reducing tax rates when assessments</u> rise,
 - Imposing property tax assessment limits
 - <u>Requiring local governments to regularly notify</u> <u>owners</u> of current and budget year property tax rates,

TODAY'S AGENDA

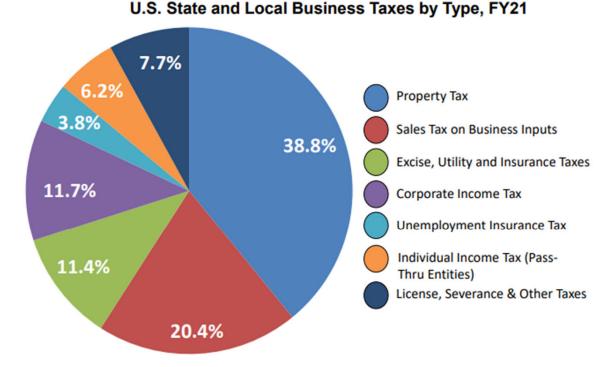


TODAY'S AGENDA





STATE AND LOCAL BUSINESS TAX BURDEN STUDY



Source: Total State and Local Business Taxes: State-by-State Estimates for Fiscal Year 2021, study prepared by Ernst & Young LLP for the State Tax Research Institute and the Council On State Taxation (December 2022)

How Much Do Businesses Pay?

- Businesses paid more than \$951 Billion in U.S. state and local taxes, an increase of 13.6% from the prior year
- Business tax revenue accounted for <u>43.6%</u> of <u>all</u> <u>state</u> <u>and</u> <u>local</u> <u>tax</u> revenue.

Source: State Tax Research Institute and the Council On State Taxation (December 2022)

U.S. CONSTITUTIONAL CHALLENGE TO IRC 965 INCOME

Moore v. United States

U.S. Supreme Court (Cert. Granted 06/26/2023)

<u>Issue</u>

 Does the <u>one-time</u> <u>IRC</u> <u>965</u> <u>tax</u> <u>violate</u> <u>the</u> <u>16th</u> <u>amendment</u> because it is a "direct tax" that has not been apportioned among the states?

Facts

- Moores owned an <u>11% investment in a corporation that</u> <u>supplied modern tools to farmers in India</u>. This was a quasi charitable undertaking.
- The corporation had retained earnings, but <u>distributed</u> no <u>profits</u> to its owners.
- Under IRC 965, the Moores were taxed on the corporation's retained earnings.

Moore v. United States

U.S. Supreme Court (Cert. Granted 06/26/2023)

Arguments

- The Moores have argued that Sec. 965 is <u>not a tax on</u> income because it fails the realization requirement
- In addition, the Moores have argued that Sec. 965 was unconstitutional because the tax was not apportioned among states in accordance with their population.

<u>Notes</u>

- Case is viewed as a <u>potential</u> <u>test</u> <u>case</u> <u>for</u> <u>wealth</u> <u>tax</u> <u>impositions on</u> <u>federal level</u>.
- Oral arguments are scheduled for December 5, 2023.

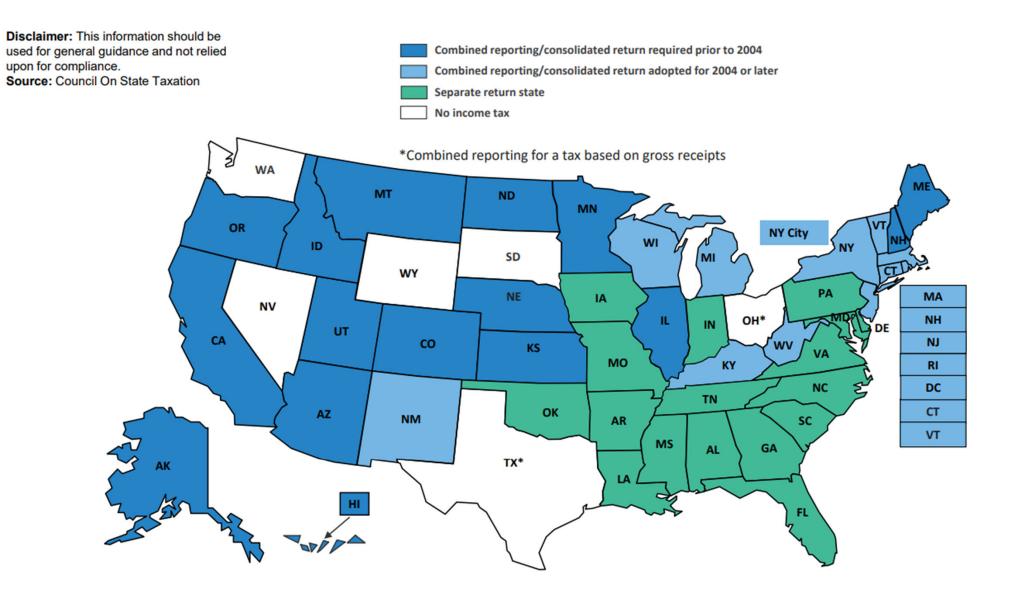
INCOME TAX: COMBINED REPORTING

Expansion of Combined Reporting

Legislation Proposed But Not Enacted

- Florida: Water's Edge
- Maryland: Water's Edge
- Hawaii: Worldwide
- Oregon: Worldwide
- Minnesota: Worldwide
 - Enacted 50% tax on GILTI and certain dividends
- New Hampshire: Worldwide (now Water's Edge)
 - Still pending
- Pennsylvania: Water's Edge
 - Still pending

COMBINED REPORTING



(December 28, 2022)

Nebraska Grade: B-

Negatives:

- Business Inputs Exemption
- Taxation of Software and Digital Products
- Simplification and Uniformity
- Sales Tax Process

(December 28, 2022)

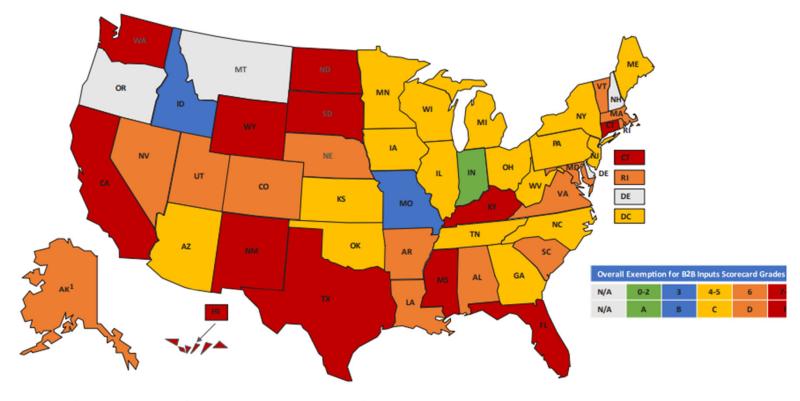
Iowa Grade: B-

Negatives:

- Business Inputs Exemption
- Simplification and Uniformity
- Central Administration
- Sales Tax Process
- Reasonable Payment/Credit Administration

(December 28, 2022)

Exemption for Business Inputs: Overall Grades

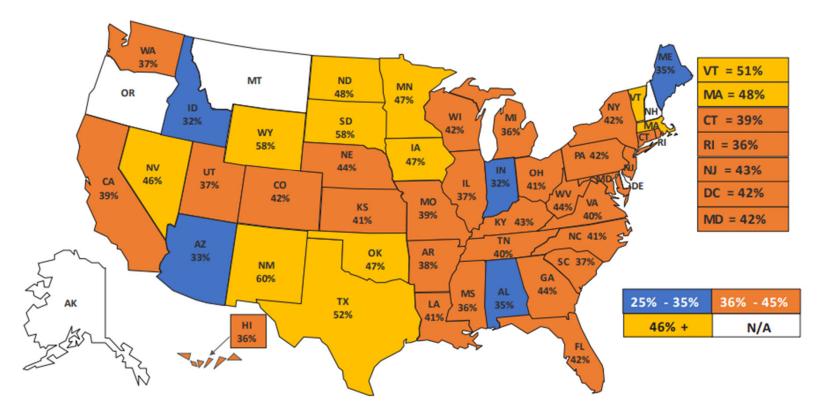


Disclaimer: This information should be used for general guidance and not relied upon for compliance. Source: Council On State Taxation (COST) ³AK - Data is based on local municipalities since Alaska does not have a state-wide sales tax

(December 28, 2022)

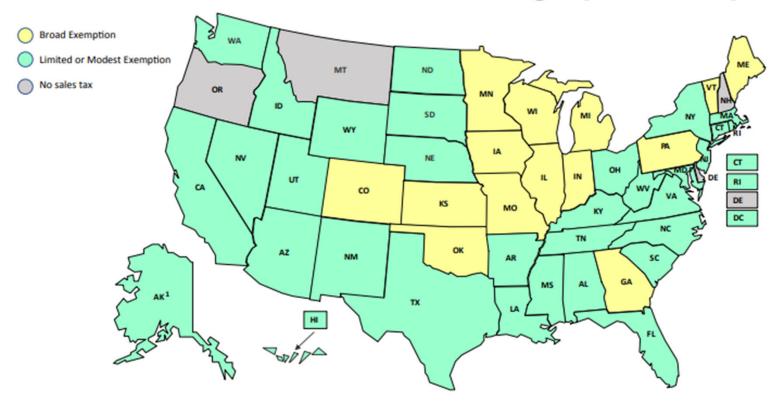
Business Inputs Make Up 42% of All State and Local Sales Taxes

Business Inputs Share of Total Sales Tax Collected



(December 28, 2022)

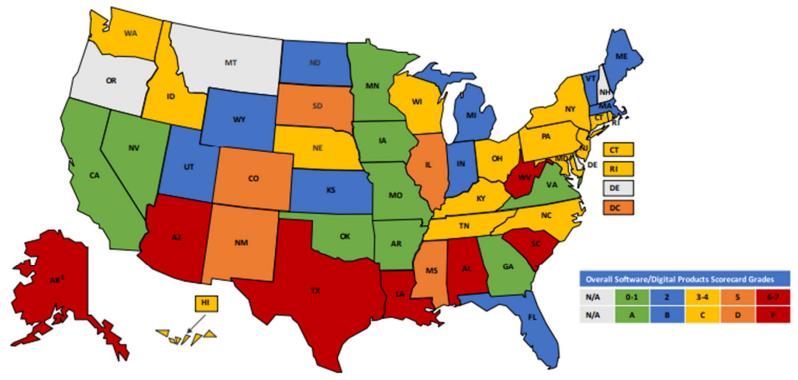
Breadth of States' Manufacturing Inputs Exemption



Disclaimer: This information should be used for general guidance and not relied upon for compliance. Source: Council On State Taxation (COST) ¹AK - Data is based on local municipalities since Alaska does not have a state-wide sales tax

(December 28, 2022)

Taxation of Software and Digital Products: Overall Grades



Disclaimer: This information should be used for general guidance and not relied upon for compliance. Source: Council On State Taxation (COST)

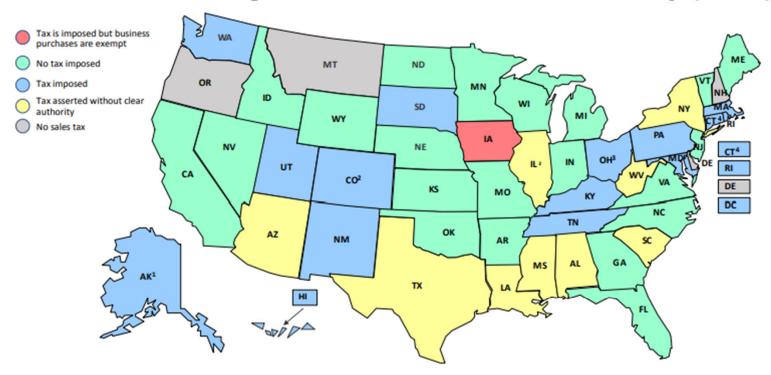
¹AK - Data is based on local municipalities since Alaska does not have a state-wide sales tax

STATE TAX ADMINISTRATION

COST Scorecard on State Tax Administration

(December 28, 2022)

Tax on Digital Software Accessed Remotely (SaaS)



Disclaimer: This information should be used for general guidance and not relied upon for compliance. Source: Council On State Taxation (COST)

¹AK - Data is based on local municipalities since Alaska does not have a state-wide sales tax

²CO/IL - State does not impose a tax, but tax may be imposed by some localities

³OH - Tax only applies to businesses

⁴CT - Electronically delivered software is taxed at 1% rate for businesses

ADP, LLC v. Arizona Dep't of Revenue

(AZ Ct. of Appeals Jan. 31, 2023)

- The Arizona Court of Appeals <u>allowed AZ DOR</u> to subject <u>to</u> sales <u>tax SAAS software used in HR functions</u>.
- All the taxpayers' customers used the same software code and servers, which were maintained outside of Arizona, but the software was configured to each customer's needs.
- The Appeals' Court held sales tax did apply <u>because</u> the software constituted TPP.
 - While the <u>taxpayer may have once been offering human resources</u> services, it <u>had changed to renting human resources</u> software.
- On September 12, 2023, the <u>AZ Supreme Court denied</u> review of case.
- Arizona has had a number of unique sales tax precedents that supported the AZ decision.
 - May not be cited in other states

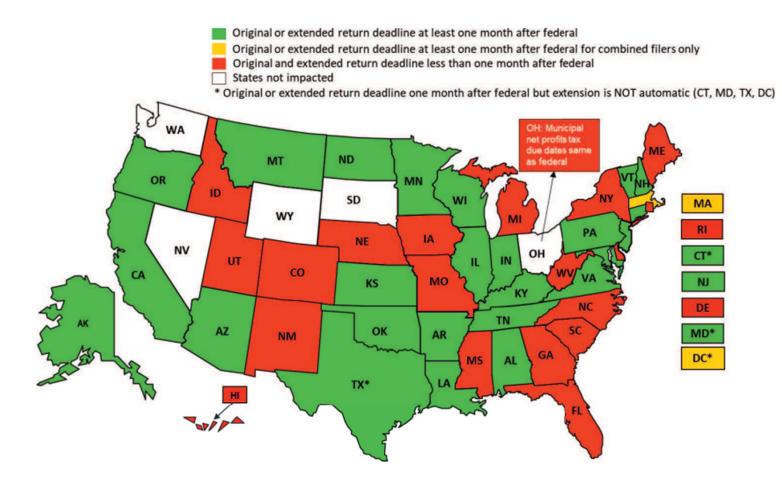
SALES TAX ON DIGITAL ITEMS

Digital Advertising and Data Services

- Proposals across <u>15 states from 2020 to 2023</u> would have established new regimes imposing taxes on "Big Tech."
- <u>Three categories of tax proposals</u>:
- 1. <u>Digital advertising services</u>: Tax on apportioned gross revenue from digital advertising services
 - Connecticut, Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, Montana, New York, Texas, Washington, West Virginia
- 2. <u>Social media</u> <u>advertising</u>: Tax imposed on social media companies' gross revenue advertising services or number of users
 - Arkansas, Connecticut, Indiana
- 3. <u>"Data mining"</u> <u>services</u>: Tax on companies selling personal information or data, akin to a severance tax
 - District of Columbia, Massachusetts, New York, Oregon, Washington, West Virginia

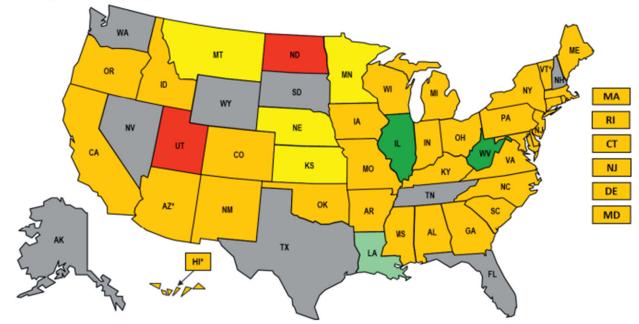
COST: Five State Tax Policy Changes That Would Modernize Laws & Ease Administration & Compliance

1. <u>Provide at least one month</u> after Federal Extended Deadline for <u>Corporate</u> <u>Taxpayers</u> to file State Tax Returns



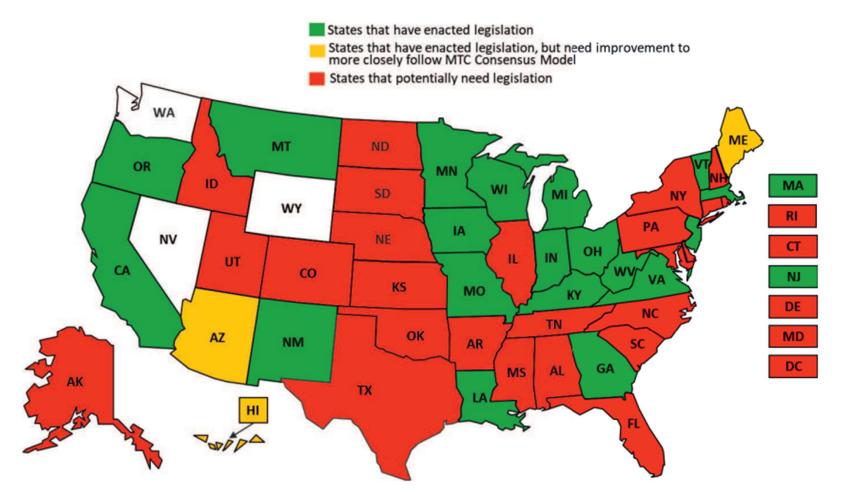
COST: Five State Tax Policy Changes That Would Modernize Laws & Ease Administration & Compliance

- 2. <u>Provide a 30 day Safe Harbor for Personal Income Tax</u> Filing Obligations <u>of Traveling Employees</u> and Corresponding Withholding for Employers
 - State has enacted the COST model statute with a 30-day threshold for both filing and withholding
 - State has enacted the COST model statute with a 25-day threshold for both filing and withholding
 - States that need a 30-day safe harbor for both filing and withholding obligations (*AZ and HI have a 60-day, and VT has a 30-day threshold for withholding only)
 - States that need a 30-day safe harbor for filing and withholding obligations and they have enacted the MTC model statute with a 20-day threshold and additional complicated provisions based on wages earned
 - No general state personal income tax
 - States with legislation pending this year



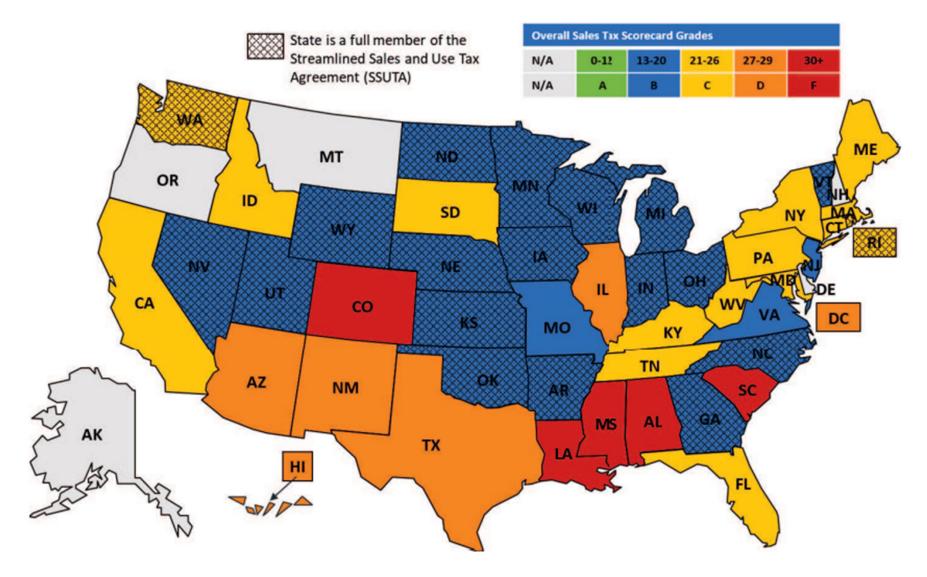
COST: Five State Tax Policy Changes That Would Modernize Laws & Ease Administration & Compliance

3. Improve Taxpayer <u>Reporting</u> of <u>Federal</u> Tax <u>Adjustments</u> By <u>Incorporating</u> the <u>New MTC</u> <u>Consensus Model</u>



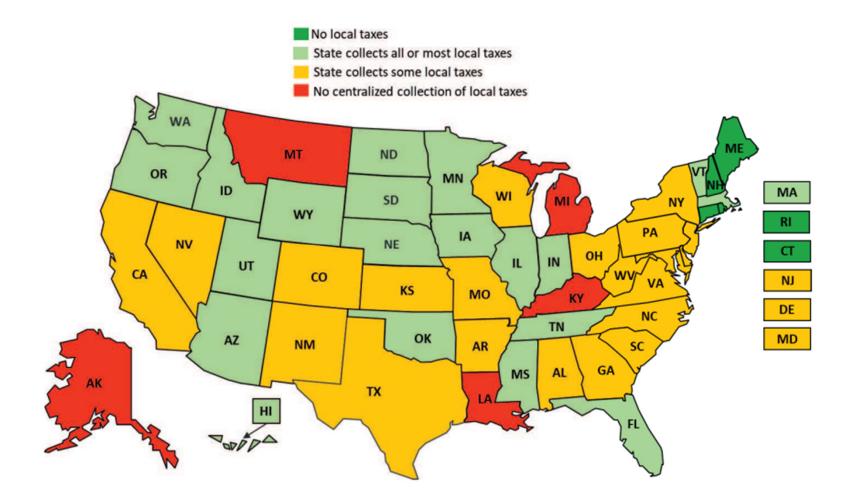
COST: Five State Tax Policy Changes That Would Modernize Laws & Ease Administration & Compliance

4. Participate in the <u>Streamlined</u> Sales Tax Project

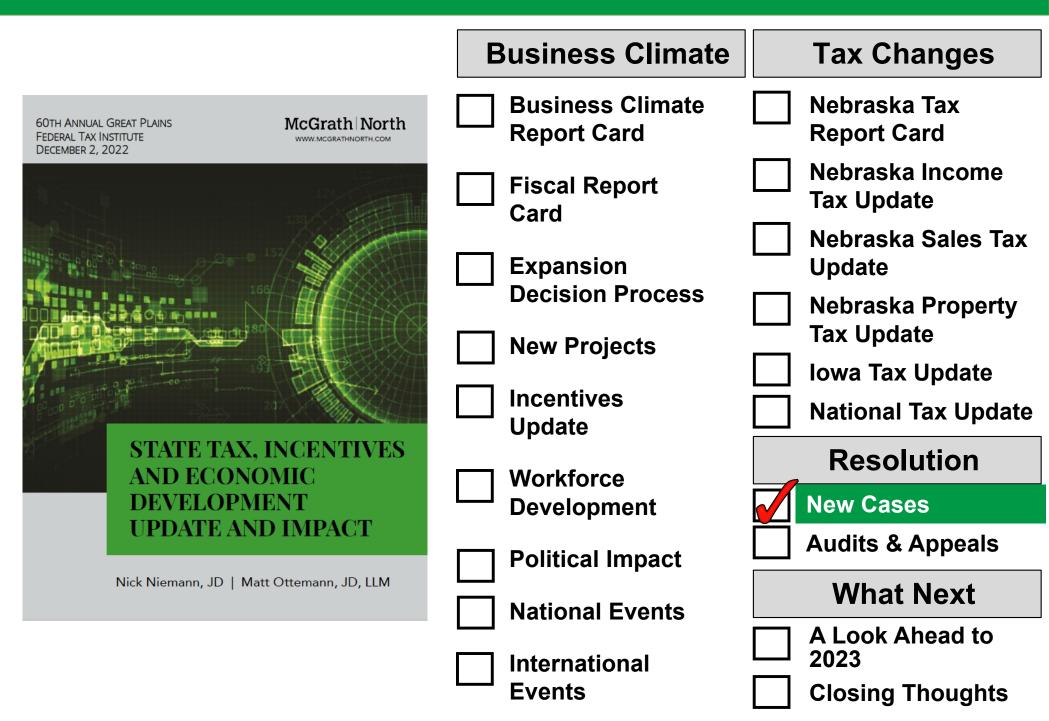


COST: Five State Tax Policy Changes That Would Modernize Laws & Ease Administration & Compliance

 <u>Centrally</u> <u>Administer</u> <u>Local</u> <u>Taxes</u> and <u>Improve</u> Local (and State as Necessary) <u>E-Filing</u> and Electronic Payment Processes



TODAY'S AGENDA



TODAY'S AGENDA





Precision Castparts Corp.

v. Dep't of Revenue Neb. Court of Appeals

Background

- NDR issued GIL 24-19-1 on September 13, 2019
 - Modified GIL 24-18-1 issued on December 21, 2018
- <u>NDR</u> <u>ruled</u> that <u>foreign</u> <u>earnings</u> that are <u>deemed</u> <u>repatriated</u> under IRC 965 are <u>not</u> <u>eligible</u> for the Nebraska income tax <u>deduction</u> <u>for dividends</u> <u>received</u> from foreign corporations

Precision Castparts Corp. v. Dep't of Revenue Neb. Court of Appeals

PCC's Position

- Nebraska's <u>dividends-received</u> <u>deduction</u> is <u>available</u> <u>for</u> both dividends and "<u>deemed</u> <u>dividends</u>" (As Part of Subpart F)
- 965 Income inclusions are "deemed dividends"
- <u>Therefore</u>, 965 Income is <u>eligible</u> for Nebraska's dividends-received deduction

Precision Castparts Corp. v. Dep't of Revenue Neb. Court of Appeals

Tax Commissioner Ruling

- <u>PCC filed</u> as request for <u>Declaratory</u> <u>Order</u>
- <u>Tax Commissioner</u> denied request, claiming that 965 Income Inclusions did not qualify as "dividends" or "deemed dividends"

Precision Castparts Corp. v. Dep't of Revenue Neb. Court of Appeals

Appeal to District Court

- PCC filed appeal to Lancaster County District Court
- <u>Lancaster</u> <u>County</u> <u>District</u> <u>Court</u> <u>agreed</u> <u>with</u> <u>Tax</u> <u>Commissioner</u>, finding that 965 Income Inclusions did not qualify as "dividends" or "deemed dividends"

Appeal to Neb. Court of Appeals

- <u>PCC filed appeal to Neb. Court of Appeals</u>
- PCC has asked Neb. Supreme Court to hear this case

NEBRASKA INCOME TAX

Cabela v. Dep't of Revenue

Lancaster County District Court (Filed 3/23/22)

<u>Background</u>

- <u>Appeal of Tax Commissioner Decision</u> holding that <u>sale of Cabela's Inc. stock</u> held in Cabela's Family, LLC was <u>not eligible</u> for Nebraska special <u>capital gains</u> exclusion
- Most case records sealed by Judicial Order
 - After objection by Department of Revenue
- Parties settled case in May 2023

NEBRASKA INCOME TAX

Welch v. Dep't of Revenue

Douglas County District Court (Filed 11/03/2023)

Facts

- <u>Taxpayer overpaid his 2019 tax liability</u>, but <u>did</u> <u>not file</u> Nebraska <u>tax return until August 21</u>, <u>2023</u>
- On return, <u>claimed a refund</u> of tax overpayment
- <u>NDR</u> <u>denied</u> claim for refund, claiming it <u>exceeded</u> <u>three</u> <u>year</u> <u>statute</u> of limitations for filing claims

NEBRASKA SALES TAX

NPPD v. Dep't of Revenue

Lancaster County District Court (Decided 3/16/23)

Background

- <u>NPPD leases Electric</u> <u>Distribution</u> <u>Systems</u> owned by municipalities
- <u>NDR</u> <u>assessed</u> Nebraska <u>use</u> <u>tax</u> on the lease payments, alleging they were for a lease of personal property
- In <u>prior</u> <u>years</u>, NDR had <u>treated</u> NPPD's electrical distribution systems <u>as real estate</u>

NEBRASKA SALES TAX

NPPD v. Dep't of Revenue

Lancaster County District Court (Decided 3/16/23)

Tax Commissioner Analysis

- <u>Held</u> that Electric Distribution Systems were <u>personal</u> <u>property</u>, not fixtures
- Held that NDR was <u>not bound by its prior treatment</u> of Electric Distribution Systems
 - But did abate penalties for NPPD based on prior treatment

Case Pending

<u>Note</u>:

 <u>In 2019</u>, <u>Nebraska</u> <u>legislature</u> specified that <u>electrical</u> <u>distribution</u> <u>systems</u> constituted <u>real</u> <u>property</u> (LB 218)

NEBRASKA SALES TAX

NPPD v. Dep't of Revenue

Lancaster County District Court (Decided 3/16/23)

District Court Decision

- <u>Held</u> that Electric Distribution Systems were <u>real</u> property
- Held that Electric Distribution Systems were not fixtures and thus were not "trade fixtures"
 - Instead they were "improvements"
- <u>NDR did not appeal</u>

Crow v. Dep't of Revenue

Lancaster County District Court (Decided 12/29/22)

Background

- In 2007, Company was <u>assessed</u> Nebraska <u>use</u> <u>tax</u> on purchases of items used in its business
- In 2011, <u>Company went out of business</u>
- In 2021, <u>DOR</u> issued <u>Demand</u> for Payment to <u>Mr. Crow</u> as a <u>responsible</u> <u>officer</u> of the Company
 - <u>Claimed</u> Mr. Crow <u>willfully</u> failed to pay taxes

Crow v. Dep't of Revenue

Lancaster County District Court (Decided 12/29/22)

DOR Arguments

- Between 2007-2011, <u>Mr. Crow knew about the DOR's</u> <u>Assessment</u>
- While it was under protest, <u>he still paid other creditors</u> but not the DOR
- This resulted in DOR's claim that he willfully failed to pay Nebraska taxes

NEBRASKA SALES TAX

Crow v. Dep't of Revenue

Lancaster County District Court (Decided 12/29/22)

District Court Decision

- <u>Knowledge of tax assessment</u> was sufficient to <u>create</u> corporate <u>officer liability</u>
- This is true <u>even</u> <u>where</u> the Corporation's <u>liability</u> was <u>protested</u> and protest was not resolved
- Court noted that NDR's deficiency determination had a <u>"presumption of correctness"</u>

Case Appealed

 <u>Decision</u> was <u>appealed</u> and will be heard by Neb. Supreme Court

NEBRASKA SALES TAX

Battaglia v. Dep't of Revenue

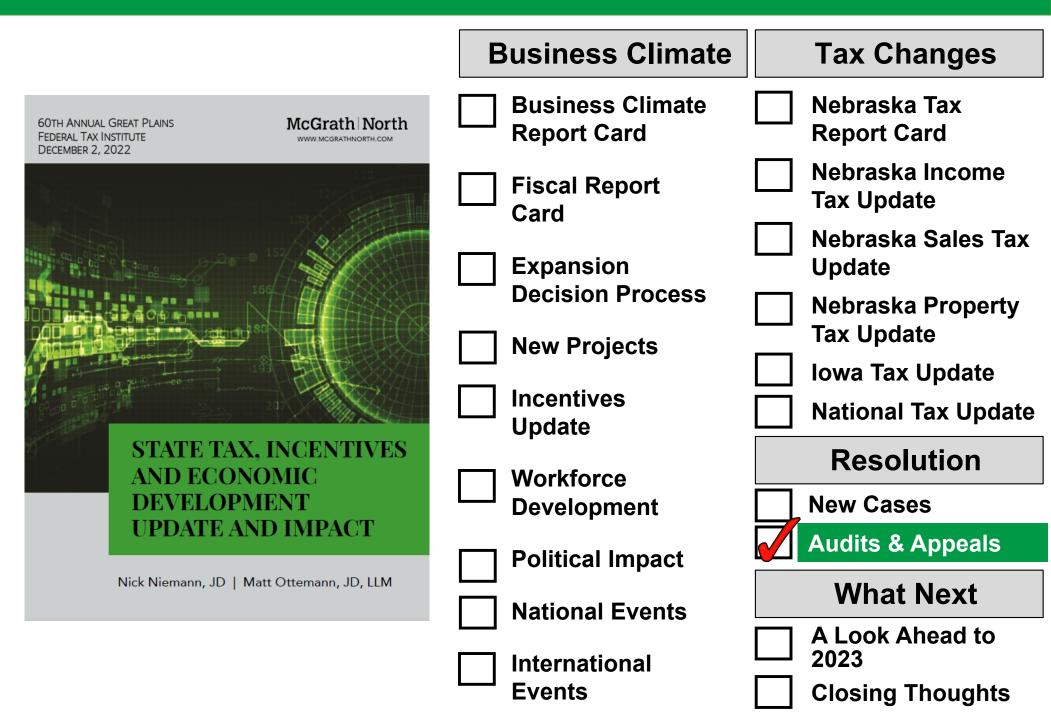
Lancaster County District Court (Decided 06/02/2023)

District Court Decision

- <u>Members in a Manager-Managed LLC did not have personal</u> responsibility for an LLC's <u>failure to pay sales</u> taxes
- Where they <u>did not have actual knowledge</u> that sales taxes were due
- Court held that imposition of personal liability <u>would</u> <u>effectively make LLC members</u> (or corporate officers or directors) <u>strictly liable</u> for taxes

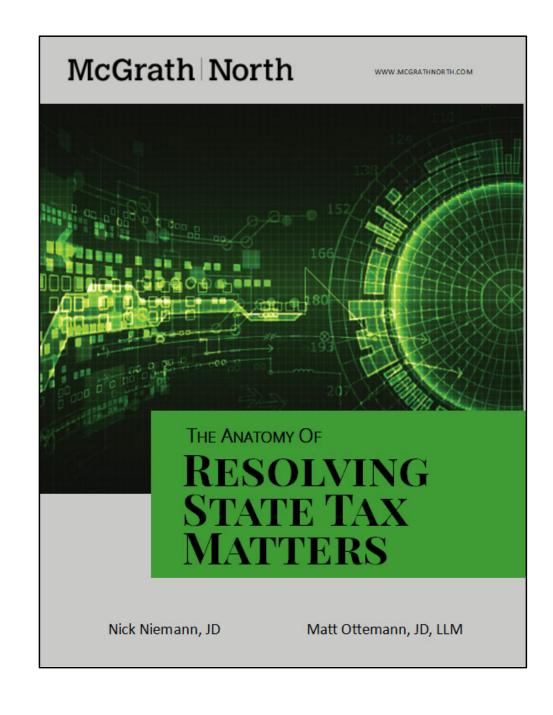
Case Not Appealed

• NDR did not appeal decision





This section is based on this:



TAX REFUND CLAIMS & AUDIT & APPEAL BEST PRACTICES

Before

(the **<u>Claim</u>** or <u>Audit</u>)

- Planning to Avoid Issue
- Know When to Keep the Statute Open
- Determine the Team
 Needed
 - Inside Tax Professional
 - Outside CPA
 - Outside State & Local Tax Counsel
- Know When to Engage
- Think 6 Steps Ahead
- Preserve Evidence
- Protect Privileges & Work Product

During

(the **<u>Claim</u>** or <u>Audit</u>)

- Professional &
- Cooperative
- Know the Issues Ahead of Time
- Know How the Facts & Evidence Impact the Legal Outcome
- Protect Privileges & Work Product

After

(the <u>Claim</u> or <u>Audit</u>: the <u>Appeal</u>)

- <u>Protest or Claim =</u>
 <u>Initial Legal Pleading</u>
- Pay or Not
 - Income vs. Sales Tax
- Request Formal Hearing
- Rules of Evidence or Not
- Work to Resolve with Informal Conferences
- Plan to Avoid Issue Repeats

"Begin With The End In Mind"

SAMPLE OF NEBRASKA TAX ISSUES WE ARE SEEING

Personal Income Tax

- Residency
- Capital Gain Exclusion
- Deferred Compensation After Moving From NE
- Taxability of Remote Employee Income

Property Tax

- Valuation of Centrally Assessed Companies
- Classification of Real v. Personal
- Property Equalization
- Property Valuations

Sales Tax

- Sourcing
- Combined Goods & Services Transactions (*Enterprise* Decision)
- Taxability of Cloud Computing Services
- Security Services
- Custom Software Development
- Data Centers
- Exemption Eligibility
- Tangible Personal Property v. Real Property
- Service vs. TPP

Corporate Income Tax

- Sec. 965 / GILTI Income
- Allocable v.
 Apportionable Income
- Inclusion of Subsidiaries in Unitary Tax Return
- Remote Employee
 Withholding
- Apportionment Factor Issues
- Affiliated Group Issues
- Special Apportionment Requests
- Corporate Reorganizations
- Market State Apportionment

SAMPLE OF NEBRASKA TAX ISSUES WE ARE SEEING

Incentives

Application Issues and Project Design

- Which Program
- Project Entities
- Qualified Business
- Project Activities Description
- Commitment
- Employees
- Coordinate with State & Local "Entitlements"
- E-Verify

Multiple Locations

- Locations
- Multiple Sites

Contract With State

Legal Contract

Claiming Benefits

Filing Claims

Qualified Property

- Eligible Property
- Relevant Dates
- Software as Eligible Asset

Real Property Construction

Contract Terms

Incentive Optimizing

- Compliance
- Equipment

Statutory Limits

Prohibited Actions

Resolving Issues

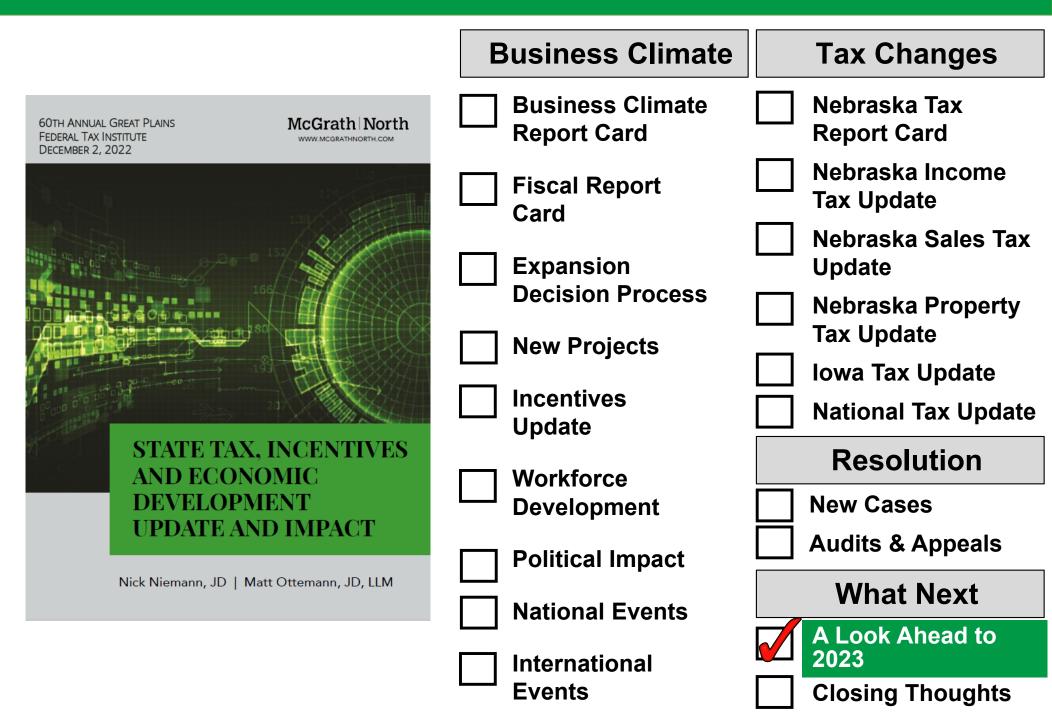
Project Issues

Business Sale

Project Transfer

Procedure

- Late or Missed "Notices of Deficiency"
- Assessment v. Refund Claim
- Declaratory Order v. Specific Case
- Challenge to Regulation
- Challenge to Guidance
 Document
- Pre-Transaction Rulings
- Guidance Rulings
- Discovery
- Evidence
- NDR Failure to Properly Mail
- "Balance Due Notice" = Notice of Deficiency?
- Settlement Strategy







NEBRASKA INCOME TAX

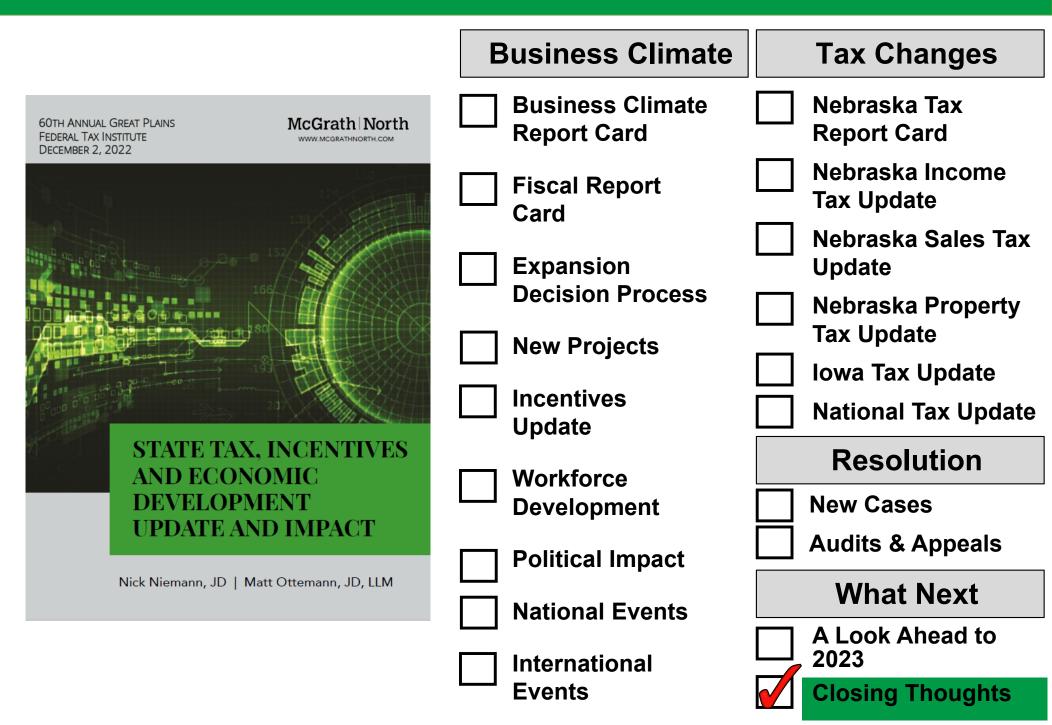
Potential Nebraska Legislature Tax and Incentives Legislation

<u>2023</u>:

- Commercial Software Exemption
- Property Tax Credit Funding
- Remote Employee Taxation & Withholding
- "Security" Services Definition
- E-Verify Impact Clarification on Incentives (e.g. R&D Credit)
- Speed Up the Income Tax Rate Reductions (and go for 3.9%)

<u>2023 - 24</u>

- TEEOSA Reform (e.g. convert to per pupil outlay)
- State Tax Administration and Appeals Processes

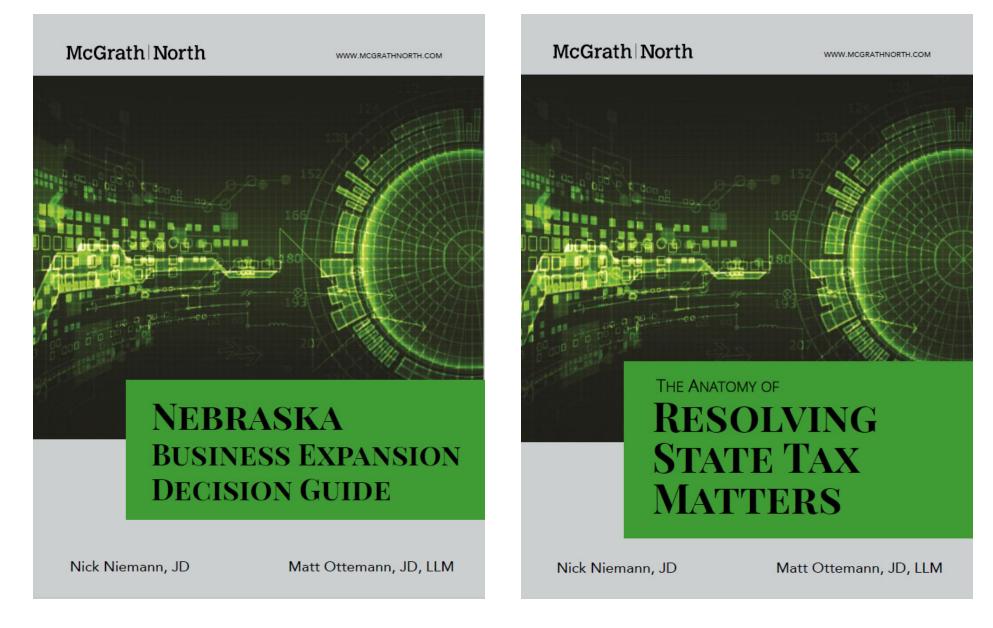


CLOSING THOUGHTS

THE "LIFE OF A BUSINESS" PERSPECTIVE - STATE TAXES & INCENTIVES -

1. Starting / Redesigning Your Business	5. Marketing and Selling Products / Services	9. Acquiring Additional Businesses
Entity Selection	Tax Collection	Tax On Purchased Assets
Business Model	Taxable Product/Service	Exposure For Tax Liabilities
2. Hiring Employees	• Nexus	10. Technology &
Withholding	6. Additional Capital /	E-Commerce
	Partners	Software Development
Classification	Tax Benefits For Investment	Affiliate / Economic Nexus
E-Verify For Incentives	Incentive Eligibility	Cloud Computing
3. Buying / Leasing Assets	7. Business Expansion	11. Resolving Tax Disputes
Asset Classification For	Project	Procedural Requirements
Property Tax	Site Selection	Refund Claims
Purchase Design For Sales	 Incentives 	
Тах	Tax Increment Financing	CPA / State Tax Attorney
4. Purchasing Services	8. Growing Your Business	12. Selling Your Company
Bundled Transactions	Physical / Economic Nexus	Capital Gains Exclusion
Contract Terms	Apportionment	Tax Exposure Relief

More Information In These 2 Briefings



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Thank You!



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State Tax, Incentives And Economic Development Update And Impact

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